# Xivana® Prime

NET CONTENTS:

**1 Gallon**

| FLUOXAPIPROLIN | GROUP 49 | FUNGICIDE |
|---|---|---|

**For: Fungicide for control or suppression of certain crop diseases**

**ACTIVE INGREDIENT:**

| | |
|---|---|
| FLUOXAPIPROLIN* | 1.90% |
| **OTHER INGREDIENTS:** | 98.10% |
| **TOTAL:** | 100.00% |

Contains 0.17 pounds active ingredient per U.S. gallon (20 grams AI/liter)

*CAS No. 1360819-11-9

**EPA Reg. No. 264-1226**

## KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

## CAUTION PRECAUCIÓN

Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle. (If you do not understand the label, find someone to explain it to you in detail.)

**See Back Panel for First Aid Instructions and Booklet for Complete Precautionary Statements and Directions for Use.**

For **MEDICAL** and **TRANSPORTATION** Emergencies **ONLY** Call 24 Hours a Day 1-800-334-7577

For **PRODUCT USE** Information Call 1-866-99BAYER (1-866-992-2937)

Produced for: Bayer CropScience LLC
800 N. Lindbergh Blvd.
St. Louis, MO 63167

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US89804701A 260630A 07/26

## FIRST AID

| | |
|---|---|
| **IF SWALLOWED:** | • Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice.<br>• **DO NOT** induce vomiting unless told to do so by a poison control center or doctor.<br>• Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow.<br>• **DO NOT** give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. |
| **IF ON SKIN OR CLOTHING:** | • Take off contaminated clothing.<br>• Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15 to 20 minutes.<br>• Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice. |
| **IF IN EYES:** | • Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15 to 20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye.<br>• Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice. |
| **IF INHALED:** | • Move person to fresh air.<br>• If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth, if possible.<br>• Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice. |

- **In case of emergency, call the toll-free Bayer CropScience Emergency Response telephone number: 1-800-334-7577.**
- **For medical emergencies, call the poison control center at 1-800-222-1222.**
- **Have a product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment.**
- **For general information about this product, call 1-866-99BAYER, or contact the National Pesticides Information Center (NPIC) at 1-800-858-7378, Monday through Friday during hours of operation, or at http://npic.orst.edu**

Note to Physician: Treat symptomatically.

## PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

### CAUTION

### HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS

- Prolonged or frequently repeated skin contact may cause allergic reactions in some individuals.
- Harmful if swallowed.
- Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco, or using the toilet.
- Harmful if absorbed through skin. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing.

## PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)

**Applicators and other handlers must wear:**

- long-sleeved shirt and long pants
- shoes plus socks
- chemical-resistant gloves made of any waterproof material

## USER SAFETY REQUIREMENTS

Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

## USER SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS

- Users should wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco, or using the toilet.
- Users should remove clothing/PPE immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.
- Users should remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

## ENGINEERING CONTROLS

When handlers use closed systems, enclosed cabs or aircraft in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides 40 CFR 170.607(d)(e)(f), the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

## ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

This pesticide is toxic to fish, aquatic invertebrates, oysters and shrimp.

**Ground Water Advisory**

This chemical has properties and characteristics associated with chemicals detected in groundwater. This chemical may leach into groundwater if used in areas where soils are permeable, particularly where the water table is shallow.

**Surface Water Advisory**

This product may impact surface water quality due to runoff of rain water. This is especially true for poorly draining soils and soils with shallow ground water. This product is classified as having a medium potential for reaching both surface water and aquatic sediment via runoff for several weeks after

application. This product breaks down into a degradate that is classified as having a high potential for reaching surface water via runoff for several weeks after application. A level, well-maintained vegetative buffer strip between areas to which this product is applied and surface water features such as ponds, streams, and springs will reduce the potential loading of fluoxapiprolin from runoff water and sediment. Runoff of this product will be reduced by avoiding applications when rainfall or irrigation is expected to occur within 48 hours.

## CONDITIONS OF SALE AND LIMITATIONS OF WARRANTY AND LIABILITY

Read the entire Directions for Use, Conditions, Disclaimer of Warranties and Limitations of Liability before using this product. If terms are not acceptable, return the unopened product container at once.

By using this product, user or buyer accepts the following Conditions, Disclaimer of Warranties and Limitations of Liability.

**CONDITIONS:** The directions for use of this product are believed to be adequate and must be followed carefully. However, it is impossible to eliminate all risks associated with the use of this product. Crop injury, ineffectiveness or other unintended consequences may result because of such factors as weather conditions, presence of other materials, or the manner of use or application, all of which are beyond the control of Bayer CropScience. To the extent consistent with applicable law, all such risks shall be assumed by the user or buyer.

**DISCLAIMER OF WARRANTIES:** TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW, BAYER CROPSCIENCE MAKES NO OTHER WARRANTIES, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, OF MERCHANTABILITY OR OF FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE OR OTHERWISE, THAT EXTEND BEYOND THE STATEMENTS MADE ON THIS LABEL. No agent of Bayer CropScience is authorized to make any warranties beyond those contained herein or to modify the warranties contained herein. TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW, BAYER CROPSCIENCE DISCLAIMS ANY LIABILITY WHATSOEVER FOR SPECIAL, INCIDENTAL OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES RESULTING FROM THE USE OR HANDLING OF THIS PRODUCT.

**LIMITATIONS OF LIABILITY:** TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW, THE EXCLUSIVE REMEDY OF THE USER OR BUYER FOR ANY AND ALL LOSSES, INJURIES OR DAMAGES RESULTING FROM THE USE OR HANDLING OF THIS PRODUCT, WHETHER IN CONTRACT, WARRANTY, TORT, NEGLIGENCE, STRICT LIABILITY OR OTHERWISE, SHALL NOT EXCEED THE PURCHASE PRICE PAID, OR AT BAYER CROPSCIENCE'S ELECTION, THE REPLACEMENT OF PRODUCT.

# DIRECTIONS FOR USE

**It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling. Read the entire label before using this product.**

**DO NOT** apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

## AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE), notification to workers, and restricted-entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

**DO NOT** enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval **(REI) of 12 hours.**

**PPE required for early entry to treated areas (that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water), is:**

- Coveralls over long-sleeved shirt and long pants
- Chemical-resistant gloves (made of any waterproof material)
- Shoes plus socks

## PRODUCT INFORMATION

- XIVANA® PRIME fungicide is a foliar fungicide for vegetable and vine crops that is highly active on downy mildew, late blight, and other oomycete diseases.
- For best results, begin applications as soon as crop and/or environmental conditions become favorable for disease development.
- Consult your agricultural advisor, university specialist, or Cooperative Extension Service for disease management recommendations specific to your area.

## LABELED USES

Brassica head and stem vegetables (Group 5-16); Bulb vegetables (Group 3-07); Cucurbit vegetables (Group 9); Fruiting vegetables (Group 8-10); Leafy vegetables (Group 4-16); Leaf petiole vegetables (Subgroup 22B); Small fruit vine climbing, except fuzzy kiwifruit (Subgroup 13-07F); Tuberous and corm vegetables (Subgroup 1C).

## USE RESTRICTIONS

Refer to the specific use directions and restrictions in each Crop, Crop Group or Crop Subgroup table.

## RESISTANCE MANAGEMENT

For resistance management, please note that XIVANA PRIME contains a Group 49 / OSBPI fungicide. Any fungal population may contain individuals naturally resistant to XIVANA PRIME and other Group 49 fungicides. A gradual or total loss of pest control may occur over time if these fungicides are used repeatedly in the same fields. Appropriate resistance-management strategies should be followed.

To delay fungicide resistance, take one or more of the following steps:

- Rotate the use of XIVANA PRIME or other Group 49 fungicides within a growing season sequence with different groups that control the same pathogens.
- **DO NOT** apply Group 49 fungicides for more than 33% of the total fungicide applications per season.
- Use tank mixtures with fungicide from a different group that are equally effective on the target pest when such use is permitted. Use at least the minimum application rate as labeled by the manufacturer.
- Adopt an integrated disease management program for fungicide use that includes scouting, uses historical information related to pesticide use, and crop rotation, and which considers host plant resistance, impact of environmental conditions on disease development, disease thresholds, as well as cultural, biological and other chemical control practices.
- Where possible, make use of predictive disease models to effectively time fungicide applications. Note that using predictive models alone is not sufficient to manage resistance.
- Monitor treated fungal populations for resistance development.
- Contact your local extension specialist or certified crop advisor for any additional pesticide resistance-management and/or recommendations for specific crops and pathogens.
- For further information or to report suspected resistance contact Bayer CropScience at 1-866-99BAYER (1-866-992-2937). You can also contact your pesticide distributor or university extension specialist to report resistance.

## MANDATORY SPRAY DRIFT

**Aerial Applications (Rotor or Fixed Wing)**

- **DO NOT** release spray at a height greater than 10 ft above the vegetative canopy, unless a greater application height is necessary for pilot safety.
- For all applications, applicators are required to use a medium or coarser spray droplet size (ASABE S572.1).
- The boom length must not exceed 65% of the wingspan for airplanes or 75% of the rotor blade diameter for helicopters.
- Applicators must use ½ swath displacement upwind at the downwind edge of the field.
- Nozzles must be oriented so the spray is directed toward the back of the aircraft.
- **DO NOT** apply when wind speeds exceed 10 miles per hour at the application site.
- **DO NOT** apply during temperature inversions.

**Ground Applications**

- Apply with the nozzle height recommended by the manufacturer, but no more than 3 feet above the ground or crop canopy.
- For all applications, applicators are required to use a medium or coarser spray droplet size (ASABE S572.1).
- **DO NOT** apply when wind speeds exceed 10 miles per hour at the application site.
- **DO NOT** apply during temperature inversions.

**Boom-less Ground Applications:**

- Applicators are required to use a medium or coarser droplet size (ASABE S572.1) for all applications.
- **DO NOT** apply when wind speeds exceed 10 miles per hour at the application site.
- **DO NOT** apply during temperature inversions.

## SPRAY DRIFT ADVISORIES

**THE APPLICATOR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR AVOIDING OFF-SITE SPRAY DRIFT.**

**BE AWARE OF NEARBY NON-TARGET SITES AND ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITIONS.**

## IMPORTANCE OF DROPLET SIZE

An effective way to reduce spray drift is to apply large droplets. Use the largest droplets that provide target pest control. While applying larger droplets will reduce spray drift, the potential for drift will be greater if applications are made improperly or under unfavorable environmental conditions.

Controlling Droplet Size - Ground Boom

- Volume - Increasing the spray volume so that larger droplets are produced will reduce spray drift. Use the highest practical spray volume for the application. If a greater spray volume is needed, consider using a nozzle with a higher flow rate.
- Pressure - Use the lowest spray pressure recommended for the nozzle to produce the target spray volume and droplet size.
- Spray Nozzle - Use a spray nozzle that is designed for the intended application. Consider using nozzles designed to reduce drift.

Controlling Droplet Size - Aircraft

- Adjust Nozzles - Follow nozzle manufacturers recommendations for setting up nozzles. Generally, to reduce fine droplets, nozzles should be oriented parallel with the airflow in flight.

## BOOM HEIGHT - Ground Boom

Use the lowest boom height that is compatible with the spray nozzles that will provide uniform coverage. For ground equipment, the boom should remain level with the crop and have minimal bounce.

## RELEASE HEIGHT - Aircraft

Higher release heights increase the potential for spray drift. When applying aerially to crops, **DO NOT** release spray at a height greater than 10 ft above the crop canopy, unless a greater application height is necessary for pilot safety.

## SHIELDED SPRAYERS

Shielding the boom or individual nozzles can reduce spray drift. Consider using shielded sprayers. Verify that the shields are not interfering with the uniform deposition of the spray on the target area.

## TEMPERATURE AND HUMIDITY

When making applications in hot and dry conditions, use larger droplets to reduce effects of evaporation.

### TEMPERATURE INVERSIONS

Drift potential is high during a temperature inversion. Temperature inversions are characterized by increasing temperature with altitude and are common on nights with limited cloud cover and light to no wind. The presence of an inversion can be indicated by ground fog or by the movement of smoke from a ground source or an aircraft smoke generator. Smoke that layers and moves laterally in a concentrated cloud (under low wind conditions) indicates an inversion, while smoke that moves upward and rapidly dissipates indicates good vertical air mixing. Avoid applications during temperature inversions.

### WIND

Drift potential generally increases with wind speed. AVOID APPLICATIONS DURING GUSTY WIND CONDITIONS. Applicators need to be familiar with local wind patterns and terrain that could affect spray drift.

**Boom-less Ground Applications:**
Setting nozzles at the lowest effective height will help to reduce the potential for spray drift.

**Handheld Technology Applications:**
Take precautions to minimize spray drift.

## APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS

### Ground Application

For optimum disease control, apply in sufficient water to ensure thorough coverage of foliage, bloom, and fruit. See individual crop directions for minimum spray volume recommendations and dilution requirements.

### Boom-less Ground Application

Air-assisted or air-blast sprayers move spray droplets into the crop canopy using a forced-air system. The fan must be set up to deliver only enough air volume to penetrate the canopy and provide good coverage. Adjust deflectors or other aiming devices to direct spray only to the target area. Equip sprayers with nozzles that provide accurate and uniform application.

## Aerial Application

For optimum disease control, apply in sufficient water to ensure thorough coverage of foliage, bloom, and fruit. See individual crop directions for minimum spray volume recommendations and dilution requirements.

## Ground Application (Banding)

XIVANA PRIME may be banded but rate and spray volume must be adjusted to treated acre area.

$$\frac{\text{band width (inches)}}{\text{row width (inches)}} * \text{broadcast rate per acre} = \text{banding rate per acre}$$

$$\frac{\text{band width (inches)}}{\text{row width (inches)}} * \text{broadcast spray volume per acre} = \text{banding spray volume per acre}$$

## Spray Additives

Spray adjuvants are recommended for use with XIVANA PRIME and improve coverage and efficacy.

## CHEMIGATION

### Types of irrigation systems

Apply this product only through the following irrigations systems:

- Center pivot
- Motorized-lateral move
- Traveling gun
- Solid set
- Portable (wheel move, side roll, end tow, or hand move)

## Uniform Water Distribution and System Calibration

The chemigation system must provide uniform distribution of treated water. Crop injury, lack of effectiveness, or illegal pesticide residues in the crop can result from non-uniform distribution of treated water. The chemigation system must be calibrated to uniformly apply the rates specified in crop-specific label sections. If you have questions about calibration, contact State Extension Service specialists, equipment manufacturers or other experts.

## Chemigation Monitoring

A person knowledgeable of the chemigation system and responsible for its operation, or under the supervision of the responsible person, shall shut the system down and make necessary adjustments should the need arise.

## Required System Safety Devices

The system must contain a functional check valve, vacuum relief valve, and low-pressure drain appropriately located on the irrigation pipeline to prevent water source contamination from backflow. The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump. The pesticide injection pipeline must also contain a functional, normally closed, solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down. The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops. The irrigation line or water pump must include a functional pressure switch, which will stop the water pump motor when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected. Systems must use a metering pump, such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g. diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock.

**DO NOT** apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment.

## Using Water from Public Water Systems

**DO NOT** connect an irrigation system (including greenhouse systems) used for pesticide application to a public water system unless the pesticide label-prescribed safety devices for public water systems are in place.

Public water system means a system for the provision to the public of piped water for human consumption if such system has at least 15 service connections or regularly serves an average of at least 25 individuals daily at least 60 days out of the year. Chemigation systems connected to public water systems must contain a functional, reduced-pressure zone, back-flow preventer **(RPZ)** or the functional equivalent in the water supply line upstream from the point of pesticide

introduction. As an option to the RPZ, the water from the public water system should be discharged into a reservoir tank prior to pesticide introduction. There must be a complete physical break (air gap) between the outlet end of the fill pipe and the top or overflow rim of the reservoir tank of at least twice the inside diameter of the fill pipe. The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional automatic quick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump. The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional normally closed solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down. The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops or in cases where there is no water pump, when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected. Systems must use a metering pump such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g. diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock. **DO NOT** apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment.

## Injection for Chemigation

Inject the specified dosage of XIVANA PRIME into the irrigation main water stream: (1) through a constant flow, metering device; (2) into the center of the main line flow via a pitot tube or equivalent; (3) at a point ahead of at least one, right-angle turn in the main stream flow such that thorough mixing with the irrigation water is ensured.

## Center-Pivot and Automatic-Move Linear Systems

For injections of pesticides, these continuously moving systems must use a positive displacement injection pump of either diaphragm or piston type and be constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides. They must also be capable of being fitted with a system interlock and capable of injection at pressures approximately 2-3 times those encountered within the irrigation water line. Venturi applicator units cannot be used on these systems. Thoroughly mix required amount of this product for acreage to be covered into same amount of water used during calibration and inject into system continuously for one revolution or run. Mixture in the chemical supply tank must be continuously agitated during the injection run. Shut off injection equipment after one revolution or run, but continue to operate irrigation system until this product has been cleared from the last sprinkler head.

Inject the specified dosage per acre continuously for one complete revolution (center pivot) or move of the system. Run system at maximum speed. It is advised that nozzles in the immediate area of control panels, chemical supply tanks, pumps, and system safety devices be plugged to prevent chemical contamination of these areas. The use of END GUNS is NOT ADVISED. End guns that provide uneven distribution of treated water can result in lack of effectiveness or illegal pesticide residues in or on the crop.

## Solid Set and Manually Controlled Linear Systems

With stationary systems, an effectively designed in-line Venturi applicator unit is preferred to support even and quick distribution. However, a positive-displacement pump can also be used. For solid set systems, determine acreage covered by sprinkler. Fill the tank of injection equipment with water and adjust flow to use contents over 30 to 45 minutes. Mix desired amount of this product for acreage to be covered with water so that the total mixture of this product plus water in the injection tank is equal to the quantity of water used during calibration. Provide chemical supply tank agitation sufficient for mixing until chemigation is completed. Operate entire system at normal pressures as advised by the manufacturer of injection equipment used, for amount of time established during calibration. XIVANA PRIME can be injected during the irrigation cycle or as a separate application. Stop injection equipment with any system after treatment is completed and continue to operate irrigation system until this product has been cleared from the last sprinkler head.

## Flushing and Cleaning the Chemical Injection System

At the end of the application period, allow time for all lines to flush the pesticide through all nozzles or emitters before turning off irrigation water. To ensure the lines are flushed and free of pesticides, a dye indicator may be injected into the lines to mark the end of the application period.

In order to apply pesticides accurately, the chemical injection system must be kept clean and free of chemical or fertilizer residues and sediments. Refer to your owner's manual or ask your equipment supplier for the cleaning procedure for your injection system.

## SPRAY MIXING AND COMPATIBILITY

Begin with clean spray equipment and add one-half of the required amount of water to the spray or mixing tank and start agitation. Add the required quantity of fungicide and the tank-mix partner if applicable to the water and complete filling with water to the required total volume. Follow the advice of your State Cooperative Extension Service for tank mixing with other products. In general, follow the order beginning first with water conditioners, water soluble packaging (wait for it to completely dissolve), wettable powders and water dispersible granular products, liquid flowables and suspension concentrates, emulsifiable concentrates, and adjuvants last. Maintain agitation throughout spraying. **DO NOT** allow spray mixture to remain in the tank overnight, or for long periods during the day without agitation.

XIVANA PRIME is physically compatible with most commonly used fungicide, herbicide, insecticide, and foliar nutrient products. However, the compatibility of XIVANA PRIME with all potential tank-mix partners has not been fully investigated. Compatibility with other pesticides can be tested by conducting a jar test with the volumes and rates typically used in agricultural application. Using a small container of water, add the proportionate amounts of the products: wettable powders and water-dispersible granular products first, then liquid flowables, and emulsifiable concentrates last. After thoroughly mixing, let stand for at least 15 minutes. Look for signs of separation, globules, sludge, flakes, or other precipitates. Physical compatibility is indicated if the combination remains mixed or can be remixed readily.

The crop safety of all potential tank-mixes with XIVANA PRIME has not been tested on all crops listed on the label. Before applying any tank-mixture not specified on this label, safety to the target crop must be confirmed on a small portion of the crop listed on the label to be treated to ensure an adverse response will not occur.

It is the pesticide user's responsibility to ensure that all products are registered for the intended use. Read and follow the applicable restrictions and limitations and directions for use on all product labels involved in tank mixing. Users must follow the most restrictive directions for use and precautionary statements of each product in the tank mixture.

## ROTATIONAL CROP RESTRICTIONS

Follow the rotational crop restrictions on the label of any tank mix partners, in addition to the restrictions below for XIVANA PRIME.

**IMMEDIATE PLANT-BACK:**

Treated areas may be replanted with any crop specified on this label, including the following:

Brassica head and stem vegetables (Group 5-16), Bulb vegetables (Group 3-07), Cucurbit vegetables (Group 9), Fruiting vegetables (Group 8-10), Leafy vegetables (Group 4-16), Leaf petiole vegetables (Subgroup 22B), Small fruit vine climbing - except fuzzy kiwifruit (Subgroup 13-07F), and Tuberous and corm vegetables (Subgroup 1C)

**30-DAY PLANT-BACK:**

The following crops can be planted 30 days after the last application of XIVANA PRIME:

Strawberry and other berries in the Low growing berry subgroup (Subgroup 13-07G)

Cereal grains (Group 15)

**12-MONTH PLANT-BACK:**

All other crops not listed above, except Root vegetables (Subgroup 1A).

**DO NOT ROTATE** to Root vegetables (Subgroup 1A).

# SPECIFIC CROP DIRECTIONS

## CROP USE DIRECTIONS

### BRASSICA HEAD and STEM VEGETABLES (Group 5-16)

**Crops of Crop Group 5-16 including:**

Broccoli; Brussels sprouts; Cabbage; Cabbage Chinese, napa; Cauliflower

*Including all cultivars, varieties, and hybrids of these commodities.*

| Disease Controlled | Application Rate | Application Instructions |
|---|---|---|
| Downy mildew (*Peronospora parasitica*)<br><br>White rust[1] (*Albugo candida*) | 13.7 fl oz/A (0.018 lbs fluoxapiprolin/A) | Make no more than 2 sequential applications before rotating to a fungicide with a different mode of action.<br>Tank mix XIVANA PRIME with a second fungicide with a different mode of action that is also labeled on the targeted disease.<br>Apply XIVANA PRIME in sufficient volume carrier (water + tank mix partner) to enable a minimum solution volume of **10 gallons/Acre** ground applications) and **2 gallons/Acre** (aerial applications). |

**Restrictions:**

- Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): **1 day**
- Minimum interval between applications: **7 days**
- Minimum application volumes: **10 gallons/Acre** (Ground); **2 gallons/Acre** (Aerial)
- Maximum single application rate: 13.7 fl oz/A of XIVANA PRIME (0.018 lb/A fluoxapiprolin).
- Maximum number of applications per year: 3 (at 13.7 fl oz/A of XIVANA PRIME).
- Maximum XIVANA PRIME allowed per year: 41.1 fluid ounces/Acre (0.054 lb fluoxapiprolin/Acre)
- Use XIVANA PRIME (or any other Group 49 fungicide) for no more than 33% of the total fungicide applications per season. Where the total number of fungicide applications targeting oomycetes is less than 3, make no more than 1 application of XIVANA PRIME (or any other Group 49 fungicide).

[1]Not registered for use on White rust (*Albugo candida*) in crop group 5-16 by California.

## BULB VEGETABLES (Group 3-07)
## Crops of Crop Group 3-07 including:

**Onion, bulb subgroup:** Bulb Daylily; Bulb Fritillaria; Bulb Garlic; Bulb Great-Headed Garlic; Bulb Serpent Garlic; Bulb Lily; Bulb Onion; Bulb Chinese Onion; Pearl Onion; Bulb Potato Onion; Bulb Shallot.

**Onion, green subgroup:** Fresh Leaves Chive; Fresh Leaves Chinese Chive; Elegans Hosta; Leaves Fritillaria; Kurrat; Lady's Leek; Leek; Wild Leek; Beltsville Bunching Onion; Fresh Onion; Green Onion; Macrostem Onion; Tree Onion Tops; Welsh Onion Tops; Fresh Leaves Shallot.

*Including all cultivars, varieties, and hybrids of these commodities.*

| Disease Controlled | Application Rate | Application Instructions |
|---|---|---|
| Downy mildew<br>(*Peronospora destructor*) | 13.7 fl oz/A<br>(0.018 lbs fluoxapiprolin/A) | Make no more than 2 sequential applications before rotating to a fungicide with a different mode of action.<br>Tank mix XIVANA PRIME with a second fungicide with a different mode of action that is also labeled on the targeted disease.<br>Apply XIVANA PRIME in sufficient volume carrier (water + tank mix partner) to enable a minimum solution volume of **10 gallons/Acre** ground applications) and **2 gallons/Acre** (aerial applications). |

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- Maximum XIVANA PRIME allowed per year: 41.1 fluid ounces/Acre (0.054 lb fluoxapiprolin/Acre)
- Use XIVANA PRIME (or any other Group 49 fungicide) for no more than 33% of the total fungicide applications per season. Where the total number of fungicide applications targeting oomycetes is less than 3, make no more than 1 application of XIVANA PRIME (or any other Group 49 fungicide).

## CUCURBIT VEGETABLES (Group 9)
## Crops of Crop Group 9 including:

**Melon subgroup:** Citron Melon; Muskmelon (hybrids and/or cultivars of *Cucumis melo* including True Cantaloupe, Cantaloupe, Casaba, Crenshaw Melon, Golden Pershaw Melon, Honeydew Melon, Honey Balls, Mango Melon, Persian Melon, Pineapple Melon, Santa Claus Melon, Snake Melon); Watermelon.

**Squash/Cucumber subgroup:** Chayote (Fruit); Chinese Waxgourd; Cucumber; Gherkin; Gourd, Edible; *Momordica* spp.; Pumpkin; Squash, Summer; Squash, Winter.

*Including all cultivars, varieties, and hybrids of these commodities.*

| Disease Controlled | Application Rate | Application Instructions |
|---|---|---|
| Downy mildew (*Pseudoperonospora cubensis*) | 13.7 fl oz/A (0.018 lbs fluoxapiprolin/A) | Make no more than 2 sequential applications before rotating to a fungicide with a different mode of action.<br>Tank mix XIVANA PRIME with a second fungicide with a different mode of action that is also labeled on the targeted disease.<br>Apply XIVANA PRIME in sufficient volume carrier (water + tank mix partner) to enable a minimum solution volume of **10 gallons/Acre** ground applications) and **2 gallons/Acre** (aerial applications). |
| **Disease Suppressed** | **Application Rate** | **Application Instructions** |
| Phytophthora blight (*Phytophthora capsici*) | 13.7 fl oz/A (0.018 lbs fluoxapiprolin/A) | Make no more than 2 sequential applications before rotating to a fungicide with a different mode of action.<br>Tank mix XIVANA PRIME with a second fungicide with a different mode of action that is also labeled on the targeted disease. |

**Restrictions:**

- Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): **1 day**
- Minimum interval between applications: **7 days**
- Minimum application volumes: **10 gallons/Acre** (Ground); **2 gallons/Acre** (Aerial)
- Maximum single application rate: 13.7 fl oz/A XIVANA PRIME (0.018 lb/A fluoxapiprolin).
- Maximum number of applications per year: 3 (at 13.7 fl oz/A of XIVANA PRIME).
- Maximum XIVANA PRIME allowed per year: 41.1 fluid ounces/Acre (0.054 lb fluoxapiprolin/Acre)
- Use XIVANA PRIME (or any other Group 49 fungicide) for no more than 33% of the total fungicide applications per season. Where the total number of fungicide applications targeting oomycetes is less than 3, make no more than 1 application of XIVANA PRIME (or any other Group 49 fungicide).

## FRUITING VEGETABLES (Group 8-10)
## Crops of Crop Group 8-10 including:

**Tomato subgroup:** Bush Tomato; Cocona; Currant Tomato; Garden Huckleberry; Goji Berry; Groundcherry; Naranjilla; Sunberry; Tomatillo; Tomato; Tree Tomato.

**Pepper/Eggplant subgroup:** African Eggplant; Bell Pepper; Eggplant; Martynia; Nonbell Pepper; Okra; Pea Eggplant; Pepino; Roselle; Scarlet Eggplant.

*Including all cultivars, varieties, and hybrids of these commodities.*

| Disease Controlled | Application Rate | Application Instructions |
|---|---|---|
| Buckeye Rot[1] (*Phytophthora parasitica*)<br>Late blight (*Phytophthora infestans*)<br>Pepper Downy mildew[1] (*Peronospora tabacina*) | 13.7 fl oz/A (0.018 lbs fluoxapiprolin/A) | Make no more than 2 sequential applications before rotating to a fungicide with a different mode of action.<br>Tank mix XIVANA PRIME with a second fungicide with a different mode of action that is also labeled on the targeted disease.<br>Apply XIVANA PRIME in sufficient volume carrier (water + tank mix partner) to enable a minimum solution volume of **10 gallons/Acre** ground applications) and **2 gallons/Acre** (aerial applications). |

| Disease Suppressed | Application Rate | Application Instructions |
|---|---|---|
| Phytophthora blight (*Phytophthora capsici*) | 13.7 fl oz/A (0.018 lbs fluoxapiprolin/A) | Make no more than 2 sequential applications before rotating to a fungicide with a different mode of action. Tank mix XIVANA PRIME with a second fungicide with a different mode of action that is also labeled on the targeted disease. |

**Restrictions:**

- Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): **1 day**
- Minimum interval between applications: **7 days**
- Minimum application volumes: **10 gallons/Acre** (Ground); **2 gallons/Acre** (Aerial)
- Maximum single application rate: 13.7 fl oz/A XIVANA PRIME (0.018 lb/A fluoxapiprolin).
- Maximum number of applications per year: 3 (at 13.7 fl oz/A of XIVANA PRIME).
- Maximum XIVANA PRIME allowed per year: 41.1 fluid ounces/Acre (0.054 lb fluoxapiprolin/Acre)
- Use XIVANA PRIME (or any other Group 49 fungicide) for no more than 33% of the total fungicide applications per season. Where the total number of fungicide applications targeting oomycetes is less than 3, make no more than 1 application of XIVANA PRIME (or any other Group 49 fungicide).

[1]Not registered for use on Buckeye rot (*Phytophthora parasitica*) or Pepper downy mildew (*Peronospora tabacina*) in crop group 8-10 by California.

## LEAFY VEGETABLES (Group 4-16)

## Crops of Crop Group 4-16 including:

**Leafy Greens subgroup:** Amaranth, Chinese; amaranth, leafy; aster, Indian; blackjack; cat's whiskers; cham-chwi; cham-na-mul; chervil, fresh leaves; chipilin; chrysanthemum, garland; cilantro, fresh leaves; corn salad; cosmos; dandelion, leaves; dang-gwi, leaves; dillweed; dock; dol-nam-mul; ebolo; endive; escarole; fameflower; feather cockscomb; Good King Henry; huauzontle; jute, leaves; lettuce, bitter; lettuce, head; lettuce, leaf; orach; parsley, fresh leaves; plantain, buckhorn; primrose, English; purslane, garden; purslane, winter; radicchio; spinach; spinach, Malabar; spinach, New Zealand; spinach, tanier; Swiss chard; violet, Chinese, leaves; cultivars, varieties, and hybrids of these commodities.

**Brassica Leafy Greens subgroup:** Arugula; broccoli, Chinese; broccoli raab; cabbage, abyssinian; cabbage, Chinese, bok choy; cabbage, seakale; collards; cress, garden; cress, upland; hanover salad; kale; maca, leaves; mizuna; mustard greens; radish, leaves; rape greens; rocket, wild; shepherd's purse; turnip greens; watercress; cultivars, varieties, and hybrids of these commodities.

*Including all cultivars, varieties, and hybrids of these commodities.*

| Disease Controlled | Application Rate (fl oz/A) | Application Instructions |
|---|---|---|
| Downy mildew<br>(*Bremia lactucae*)<br>(*Peronospora farinosa*) | 13.7 fl oz/A<br>(0.018 lbs<br>fluoxapiprolin/A) | Make no more than 2 sequential applications before rotating to a fungicide with a different mode of action.<br>Tank mix XIVANA PRIME with a second fungicide with a different mode of action that is also labeled on the targeted disease.<br>Apply XIVANA PRIME in sufficient volume carrier (water + tank mix partner) to enable a minimum solution volume of **10 gallons/Acre** ground applications) and **2 gallons/Acre** (aerial applications). |

**Restrictions:**

- Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): **1 day**
- Minimum interval between applications: **7 days**
- Minimum application volumes: **10 gallons/Acre** (Ground); **2 gallons/Acre** (Aerial)
- Maximum single application rate: 13.7 fl oz/A XIVANA PRIME (0.018 lb/A fluoxapiprolin).
- Maximum number of applications per year: 3 (at 13.7 fl oz/A of XIVANA PRIME).
- Maximum XIVANA PRIME allowed per year: 41.1 fluid ounces/Acre (0.054 lb fluoxapiprolin/Acre)
- Use XIVANA PRIME (or any other Group 49 fungicide) for no more than 33% of the total fungicide applications per season. Where the total number of fungicide applications targeting oomycetes is less than 3, make no more than 1 application of XIVANA PRIME (or any other Group 49 fungicide).
- For applications made to watercress, production fields must be drained of water at least 24 hours prior to each application and water must not be reapplied to the field for a minimum of 48 hours following each application.

## LEAF PETIOLE VEGETABLES (Subgroup 22B)[1]

## Crops of Crop Subgroup 22B including:

**Leaf Petiole Vegetable subgroup:** Cardoon; celery; celery, Chinese; fuki; rhubarb; udo; zuiki; cultivars, varieties, and hybrids of these commodities.

*Including all cultivars, varieties, and hybrids of these commodities.*

| Disease Controlled | Application Rate | Application Instructions |
|---|---|---|
| Downy mildew (*Peronospora umbellifarum*) | 13.7 fl oz/A (0.018 lbs fluoxapiprolin/A) | Make no more than 2 sequential applications before rotating to a fungicide with a different mode of action.<br>Tank mix XIVANA PRIME with a second fungicide with a different mode of action that is also labeled on the targeted disease.<br>Apply XIVANA PRIME in sufficient volume carrier (water + tank mix partner) to enable a minimum solution volume of **10 gallons/Acre** ground applications) and **2 gallons/Acre** (aerial applications). |

**Restrictions:**

- Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): **1 day**
- Minimum interval between applications: **7 days**
- Minimum application volumes: **10 gallons/Acre** (Ground); **2 gallons/Acre** (Aerial)
- Maximum single application rate: 13.7 fl oz/A XIVANA PRIME (0.018 lb/A fluoxapiprolin).
- Maximum number of applications per year: 3 (at 13.7 fl oz/A of XIVANA PRIME).
- Maximum XIVANA PRIME allowed per year: 41.1 fluid ounces/Acre (0.054 lb fluoxapiprolin/Acre)
- Use XIVANA PRIME (or any other Group 49 fungicide) for no more than 33% of the total fungicide applications per season. Where the total number of fungicide applications targeting oomycetes is less than 3, make no more than 1 application of XIVANA PRIME (or any other Group 49 fungicide).

[1]Not registered for use on crop subgroup 22B by California.

## SMALL FRUIT VINE CLIMBING - EXCEPT FUZZY KIWIFRUIT (Subgroup 13-07F)

**Crops of Crop Group 13-07F including:**

Amur River Grape; Gooseberry; Grape; Hardy Kiwifruit; Maypop; Schisandra Berry.

*Including all cultivars, varieties, and hybrids of these commodities.*

| Disease Controlled | Application Rate | Application Instructions |
|---|---|---|
| Downy mildew (*Plasmopara viticola*) | 13.7 fl oz/A (0.018 lbs fluoxapiprolin/A) | Make no more than 2 sequential applications before rotating to a fungicide with a different mode of action.<br>Tank mix XIVANA PRIME with a second fungicide with a different mode of action that is also labeled on the targeted disease.<br>Apply XIVANA PRIME in sufficient volume carrier (water + tank mix partner) to enable a minimum solution volume of **10 gallons/Acre** ground applications) and **2 gallons/Acre** (aerial applications). |

**Restrictions:**

- Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): **14 days**
- Minimum interval between applications: **10 days**
- Minimum application volumes: **25 gallons/Acre** (Ground); **10 gallons/Acre** (Aerial)
- Maximum single application rate: 13.7 fl oz/A XIVANA PRIME (0.018 lb/A fluoxapiprolin).
- Maximum number of applications per year: 2 (at 13.7 fl oz/A of XIVANA PRIME).
- Maximum XIVANA PRIME allowed per year: 27.4 fluid ounces/Acre (0.036 lb fluoxapiprolin/Acre)
- Use XIVANA PRIME (or any other Group 49 fungicide) for no more than 33% of the total fungicide applications per season. Where the total number of fungicide applications targeting oomycetes is less than 3, make no more than 1 application of XIVANA PRIME (or any other Group 49 fungicide).

## TUBEROUS AND CORM VEGETABLES (Subgroup 1C)

### Crops of Crop Subgroup 1C including:

**Tuberous and corm vegetables subgroup:** Arracacha; Arrowroot; Chinese Artichoke; Artichoke, Jerusalem; Canna, Edible; Cassava, Bitter and Sweet; Chayote (Root); Chufa; Dasheen; Ginger; Leren; Potato; Sweet Potato; Tanier; Turmeric; Yam Bean; Yam, True.

*Including all cultivars, varieties, and hybrids of these commodities.*

| Disease Controlled | Application Rate | Application Instructions |
|---|---|---|
| Late blight (*Phytophthora infestans*) | 13.7 fl oz/A (0.018 lbs fluoxapiprolin/A) | Make no more than 2 sequential applications before rotating to a fungicide with a different mode of action.<br>Tank mix XIVANA PRIME with a second fungicide with a different mode of action that is also labeled on the targeted disease.<br>Apply XIVANA PRIME in sufficient volume carrier (water + tank mix partner) to enable a minimum solution volume of **10 gallons/Acre** ground applications) and **2 gallons/Acre** (aerial applications). |

**Restrictions:**

- Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): **7 days**
- Minimum interval between applications: **7 days**
- Minimum application volumes: **10 gallons/Acre** (Ground); **2 gallons/Acre** (Aerial)
- Maximum single application rate: 13.7 fl oz/A XIVANA PRIME (0.018 lb/A fluoxapiprolin).
- Maximum number of applications per year: 3 (at 13.7 fl oz/A of XIVANA PRIME).
- Maximum XIVANA PRIME allowed per year: 41.1 fluid ounces/Acre (0.054 lb fluoxapiprolin/Acre)
- Use XIVANA PRIME (or any other Group 49 fungicide) for no more than 33% of the total fungicide applications per season. Where the total number of fungicide applications targeting oomycetes is less than 3, make no more than 1 application of XIVANA PRIME (or any other Group 49 fungicide).

# STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

**DO NOT** contaminate water, food, or feed by storage or disposal.

**PESTICIDE STORAGE:**

Store in original container and keep tightly closed when not in use. Store in a cool dry place. Avoid cross-contamination with other pesticides.

**PESTICIDE DISPOSAL:**

Pesticide wastes may be toxic. Improper disposal of unused pesticide, spray mixture, or rinse water is a violation of federal law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label instruction, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency, or the Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance in proper disposal methods.

**CONTAINER HANDLING:**

**Non-Refillable Containers**

**Rigid, Non-refillable containers (equal to or less than 5 gallons)**

Non-refillable container. **DO NOT** reuse or refill this container. Offer for recycling, if available. Triple rinse or pressure rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container 1/4 full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times.

Pressure rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and continue to drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Hold container upside down over application equipment or mix tank or collect rinsate for later use or disposal. Insert pressure rinsing nozzle in the side of the container, and rinse at about 40 PSI for at least 30 seconds. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip.

Once container is rinsed, offer for recycling if available or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill.

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NET CONTENTS: 1 GALLON

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# XIVANA® PRIME

| FLUOXAPIPROLIN | GROUP 49 | FUNGICIDE |
|---|---|---|

**For:** Fungicide for control or suppression of certain crop diseases

| ACTIVE INGREDIENT: | |
|---|---|
| FLUOXAPIPROLIN* | 1.90% |
| OTHER INGREDIENTS: | 98.10% |
| TOTAL: | 100.00% |

Contains 0.17 pounds active ingredient per U.S. gallon (20 grams AI/liter)
*CAS No. 1360819-11-9

EPA Reg. No. 264-1226

## KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

## CAUTION PRECAUCIÓN

Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle. (If you do not understand the label, find someone to explain it to you in detail.)

**See Back Panel for First Aid Instructions and Booklet for Complete Precautionary Statements and Directions for Use.**

For **MEDICAL** and **TRANSPORTATION** Emergencies **ONLY** Call 24 Hours a Day 1-800-334-7577. For **PRODUCT USE** Information Call 1-866-99BAYER (1-866-992-2937)

**FIRST AID: IF SWALLOWED:** • Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. • **DO NOT** induce vomiting unless told to do so by a poison control center or doctor. • Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. • **DO NOT** give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. **IF ON SKIN OR CLOTHING:** • Take off contaminated clothing. • Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15 to 20 minutes. • Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice. **IF IN EYES:** • Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15 to 20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. • Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice. **IF INHALED:** • Move person to fresh air. • If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth, if possible. • Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.

**• In case of emergency, call the toll-free Bayer CropScience Emergency Response telephone number: 1-800-334-7577. • For medical emergencies, call the poison control center at 1-800-222-1222. • Have a product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. • For general information about this product, call 1-866-99BAYER, or contact the National Pesticides Information Center (NPIC) at 1-800-858-7378, Monday through Friday during hours of operation, or at http://npic.orst.edu**

Note to Physician: Treat symptomatically.

## PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

### HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS

### CAUTION

• Prolonged or frequently repeated skin contact may cause allergic reactions in some individuals. • Harmful if swallowed. • Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco, or using the toilet. • Harmful if absorbed through skin. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing.

**DIRECTIONS FOR USE: It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling. Read the entire label before using this product.**

## STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

**DO NOT** contaminate water, food, or feed by storage or disposal. **PESTICIDE STORAGE:** Store in original container and keep tightly closed when not in use. Store in a cool dry place. Avoid cross-contamination with other pesticides. **PESTICIDE DISPOSAL:** Pesticide wastes may be toxic. Improper disposal of unused pesticide, spray mixture, or rinse water is a violation of federal law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label instruction, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency, or the Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance in proper disposal methods. **CONTAINER HANDLING: Non-Refillable Containers: Rigid, Non-refillable containers (equal to or less than 5 gallons).** Non-refillable container. **DO NOT** reuse or refill this container. Offer for recycling, if available. Triple rinse or pressure rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container 1/4 full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times. Pressure rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and continue to drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Hold container upside down over application equipment or mix tank or collect rinsate for later use or disposal. Insert pressure rinsing nozzle in the side of the container, and rinse at about 40 PSI for at least 30 seconds. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Once container is rinsed, offer for recycling if available or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill.

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