BAYER		
NET CONTENTS: 1 Gallon		
For use in pest management and suppression of listed insects ACTIVE INGREDIENT(S): FLUPYRADIFURDNE	KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN CAUTION	
OTHER INGREDIENTS	See Back Panel for First Aid Instructions and Booklet for Complete Precautionary Statements and Directions for Use. For MEDICAL And TRANSPORTATION Emergencies ONLY Call 24 Hours A Day 1-80-334-7577	
EPA Reg. No. 264-1141	For PRODUCT USE Information Call 1-866-99BAYER (1-866-992-2937)	
Produced for: Bayer CropScience LP 800 N. Lindbergh Blvd. St. Louis, Mo 63167 Sivanto [®] is a registered trademark of Bayer Group. ©2022 Bayer Group. All rights reserved.		
	US61381668D <u>200924D</u> 01/22	

	FIRST AID
If Swallowed:	 Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. Do not induce vomiting unless told to by a poison control center or doctor. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
lf on Skin or Clothing:	Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15 to 20 minutes. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
If in Eyes:	 Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
	emergency, call the toll-free Bayer CropScience Emergency Response telephone number: 1-800-334-7577. product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment.
Note to Physicia	n: No specific antidote. Treat the patient symptomatically.
	PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS
AUTION Harmful if swal	rbed through skin.
• Avoid contact v	vith eyes, skin, and clothing.

Prolonged or frequently repeated skin contact may cause allergic reactions in some individuals.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)

Applicators and other handlers must wear:

• Long sleeved shirt and long pants.

• Chemical resistant gloves made out of: barrier laminate, butyl rubber ≥ 14 mils, nitrile rubber ≥ 14 mils, neoprene rubber ≥ 14 mils,

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- natural rubber \ge 14 mils, polyethylene, polyvinyl chloride \ge 14 mils, or viton \ge 14 mils.
- Shoes and socks.

USER SAFETY REQUIREMENTS

Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables exist, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry. Discard clothing and other absorbent materials that have been drenched or neavily contaminated with this product's concentrate. Do not reuse them.

USER SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS

- · Users should wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet
- · Users should remove clothing/PPE immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.
- · Users should remove PPE immediately after handling this product.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

Terrestrial Use

Do not apply directly to water, or to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwater or rinsate.

Non-Target Organisms

This pesticide is toxic to aquatic invertebrates. Drift and runoff may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in water adjacent to treated areas.

Highly toxic to adult Megachile rotundata (alfalfa leafcutting bee) via direct contact exposure. Do not apply to foliage when managed alfalfa leafcutting bees are foraging in the treatment area.

Toxic to adult bees in laboratory studies via oral exposure. Not toxic to honey bees or bumble bees through contact exposure. Field studies conducted with this product have shown no effects on honeybee colony development.

Surface Water Advisory

Flupyradifurone and its degradate difluoroacetic acid may impact surface water quality due to runoff of rain water. This is especially true for poorly draining soils and soils with shallow ground water. Flupyradifurone and its degradate difluoroacetic acid are classified as having medium and high potential, respectively, for reaching surface water via run-off for several months or more after application. A level, well-maintained vegetative buffer strip between areas to which this product is applied and surface water features such as ponds, streams, and springs will reduce the potential loading of flupyradifurone and its degradate difluoroacetic acid from runoff water and sediment. Runoff of this product will be reduced by avoiding applications when rainfall is forecasted to occur within 48 hours.

Ground Water Advisory

This chemical has properties and characteristics associated with chemicals detected in ground water. This chemical may leach into ground water if used in areas where soils are permeable, particularly where the water table is shallow.

CONDITIONS OF SALE AND LIMITATIONS OF WARRANTY AND LIABILITY

Read the entire Directions for Use, Conditions, Disclaimer of Warranties and Limitations of Liability before using this product. If terms are not acceptable, return the unopened product container at once.

By using this product, user or buyer accepts the following Conditions, Disclaimer of Warranties and Limitations of Liability.

CONDITIONS: The directions for use of this product are believed to be adequate and must be followed carefully. However, it is impossible to eliminate all risks associated with the use of this product. Crop injury, ineffectiveness or other unintended consequences may result because of such factors as weather conditions, presence of other materials, or the manner of use or application, all of which are beyond the control of Bayer CropScience. To the extent consistent with applicable law, all such risks shall be assumed by the user or buyer.

DISCLAIMER OF WARRANTIES: TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW, BAYER CROPSCIENCE MAKES NO OTHER WARRANTIES, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, OF MERCHANTABILITY OR OF FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE OR OTHERWISE, THAT EXTEND, BEYOND THE STATEMENTS MADE ON THIS LABEL. No agent of Bayer CropScience is authorized to make any warranties beyond those contained herein or to modify the warranties contained herein. TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW, BAYER (CROPSCIENCE DISCLAIMS ANY LIABILITY WHATSOEVER FOR SPECIAL, INCIDENTAL OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES RESULTING FROM THE USE OR HANDLING OF THIS PRODUCT.

LUMITATIONS OF LIABILITY: TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW, THE EXCLUSIVE REMEDY OF THE USER OR BUYER FOR ANY AND ALL LOSSES, INJURIES OR DAMAGES RESULTING FROM THE USE OR HANDLING OF THIS PRODUCT, WHETHER IN CONTRACT WARRANTY, TORT, NEGLIGENCE, STRICT LIABILITY OR OTHERWISE, SHALL NOT EXCEED THE PURCHASE PRICE PAID, OR AT BAYER CROPSCIENCE'S ELECTION, THE REPLACEMENT OF PRODUCT.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

Read the entire label before using this product.

Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

Not for sale, distribution or use in Nassau and Suffolk Counties New York except as permitted under FIFRA Section 24(c), Special Local Need Registration.

No aerial application in New York State.

POLLINATOR BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICE

In order to minimize exposure to pollinators, it is recommended that foliar insecticides are applied late in the afternoon, evening, or at night outside of daily peak foraging periods.

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AGRICULTURE USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE), notification to workers, and restricted-entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 4 Hour(s), with the exception of California and New York. In the state of California the REI is 12 hours. In the state of New York the REI is 4 hours for all listed crops except for grapes for which the REI is 12 hours.

Exception: If the product is soil injected or soil incorporated, the Worker Protection Standard, under certain circumstances, allows workers to enter the treated area without restrictions if there will be no contact with anything that has been treated.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas (that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water), is:

- Coveralls
- · Chemical resistant gloves
- · Chemical resistant footwear plus socks

PRODUCT INFORMATION

SIVANTO[®] prime:

- is a broad-spectrum insecticide, formulated in a 1.67 lb Al/gallon (200 grams Al/liter) SL (soluble liquid);
- belongs to a new class of chemicals known as the Butenolides;
- is acropetally systemic, moving from roots to the leaves in the case of soil applications;
- is translaminar through the leaf tissue and acropetally systemic, moving from points of contact to leaf tips in the case of foliar applications;
- · can provide control of labeled pests on the underside of leaves; and
- is readily absorbed into leaf tissue and is considered "rainfast" within 1 hour after spray dries.

USE RESTRICTIONS

- Do not tank mix with azole fungicides (FRAC group 3) during bloom period.
- · Refer to the specific use directions and restrictions in each Crop, Crop Group or Crop Subgroup table.
- Not for use on greenhouse or planthouse crops except where permitted in crop use specific directions or allowed by state specific 24(c) labeling.
- Not for use on crops intended to be grown for seed unless specified otherwise in the crop specific sections of this label or allowed
- by state specific 24(c) labeling.

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- No aerial application in New York State.
- Do not apply to crop foliage during foraging by alfalfa leafcutting bees used for pollination services.

APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS

SIVANTO prime may be:

- applied as a foliar application using properly calibrated ground sprayers, fixed or rotary winged aircraft, or through properly
- designed, sprinkler-type overhead chemigation equipment (See Chemigation Directions for Use section below); or
- applied as a soil application using low-pressure drip, trickle or micro-sprinkler chemigation, in-furrow, soil shank injection, plant
- drench, or a planthouse tray drench where permitted in crop use specific directions.

CHEMIGATION

Types of Irrigation Systems

SIVANTO prime may be applied by chemigation:

- for foliar applications, through overhead sprinkler-type irrigation systems, including center pivot, lateral move, side roll, or overhead
- solid-set systems or equivalent equipment; and
- for soil applications, through low-pressure drip, trickle or micro-sprinkler systems or equivalent equipment.

Uniform Water Distribution and System Calibration

The chemigation system must provide uniform distribution of treated water. Crop injury, lack of effectiveness, or illegal pesticide residues in the crop can result from non-uniform distribution of treated water. The chemigation system must be calibrated to uniformly apply the rates specified in crop-specific label sections. If you have questions about calibration, you should contact State Extension Service specialists, equipment manufacturers or other experts.

Chemigation Monitoring

A person knowledgeable of the chemigation system and responsible for its operation, or under the supervision of the responsible person, shall shut the system down and make necessary adjustments should the need arise.

Required System Safety Devices

The system must contain a functional check valve, vacuum relief valve, and low-pressure drain appropriately located on the irrigation pipeline to prevent water source contamination from backflow. The pesticide injection pipeline must so contain a functional, automatic, quick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump. The pesticide injection pipeline must also contain a functional, normally closed, solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down. The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump have the water pump motor stops. The irrigation line or water pump must include a functional pressure switch, which will stop the water pump motor when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected. Systems must use a metering pump, such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g., diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock.

Using Water from Public Water Systems

Do not connect an irrigation system (including greenhouse systems) used for pesticide application to a public water system unless the pesticide label-prescribed safety devices for public water systems are in place.

Public water system means a system for the provision to the public of piped water for human consumption if such system has at least 15 service connections or regularly serves an average of at least 25 individuals daily at least 60 days out of the year. Chemigation systems connected to public water systems must contain a functional, reduced-pressure zone, back-flow preventer (RPZ) or the functional equivalent in the water supply line upstream from the point of pesticide introduction. As an option to the RPZ, the water from the public water system should be discharged into a reservoir tank prior to pesticide introduction. There shall be a complete physical break (air gap) between the outlet end of the fill pipe and to top or overflow rim of the reservoir tank of a least twice the inside diameter of the fill pipe. The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional automatic quick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump. The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional a functional functional form the supply tank when the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the injection pump is the esticate injection pump when the water pump motor stops or in cases where there is no water pump, when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected. Systems must use a metering pump such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g. diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock. Do not apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment.

Injection for Chemigation

Inject the specified dosage of SIVANTO prime into the irrigation main water stream: (1) through a constant flow, metering device; (2) into the center of the main line flow via a pitot tube or equivalent; (3) at a point ahead of at least one, right-angle turn in the main stream flow such that thorough mixing with the irrigation water is ensured.

Center-Pivot and Automatic-Move Linear Systems

Inject the specified dosage per acre continuously for one complete revolution (center pivot) or move of the system. The system should be run at maximum speed. It is recommended that nozzles in the immediate area of control panels, chemical supply tanks, pumps, and system safety devices be plugged to prevent chemical contamination of these areas. The use of END GUNS is NOT RECOMMENDED. End guns that provide uneven distribution of treated water can result in lack of effectiveness or illegal pesticide residues in or on the crop.

Solid Set and Manually Controlled Linear Systems

For foliar application, injection should be applied at the end of the irrigation cycle and followed by sufficient water to flush the product out of the irrigation system.

Flushing and Cleaning the Chemical Injection System

At the end of the application period, allow time for all lines to flush the pesticide through all nozzles or emitters before turning offi irrigation water. To ensure the lines are flushed and free of pesticides, a dye indicator may be injected into the lines to mark the end of the application period. In order to apply pesticides accurately, the chemical injection system must be kept clean, free of chemical or fertilizer residues and sediments. Refer to your owner's manual or ask your equipment supplier for the cleaning procedure for your injection system.

SPRAY DRIFT MANAGEMENT

The interaction of many equipment and weather related factors determine the potential for spray drift. The applicator is responsible for considering all of these factors when making application decisions. Consult the local Cooperative Extension for additional information. Avoiding spray drift is the responsibility of the applicator.

Droplet Size

Use nozzles and pressure that generate droplet sizes which provide sufficient control and coverage. Higher flow nozzles and lower pressures will produce larger droplets and minimize drift. Use larger droplet size when applying in hot, dry conditions (droplet, evaporation is higher under these conditions, thus reducing the effective droplet size and increasing drift potential). Nozzles that deliver coarse spray droplets may be used to reduce spray drift provided spray volume per acre (GPA) is increased to maintain crop coverage. Applications with very coarse, extremely coarse, or ultra-coarse droplets will not provide adequate coverage.

Wind Speed

Drift potential increases at wind speeds of less than 3 mph (due to inversion potential) or more than 10 mph. Applications during gusty or calm wind conditions should be avoided. However, many factors, including droplet size, canopy and equipment specifications determine drift potential at any given wind speed. For applications made in-furrow or below soil-level, wind speed restrictions are not applicable.

Temperature Inversions

Drift potential is high during temperature inversions and applications should be avoided under these conditions. Temperature inversions are common on nights with limited cloud cover and light to no wind. They begin to form as the sun sets and often continue, into the morning. Their presence can be indicated by ground fog. If fog is not present, inversions can also be identified by the movement of smoke or dust from a ground source -- smoke or dust that layers and moves laterally in a concentrated cloud (under low wind conditions) indicates an inversion.

Sensitive Areas

When applying adjacent to residential areas, water bodies, habitats known to have threatened or endangered species, or non-target crops, drift can be minimized to these areas by making application when the wind direction is away from these areas.

Where states or local authorities have more stringent regulations, they should be observed.

Aerial Applications

- Mount the spray boom on the aircraft so as to minimize drift caused by wing tip vortices.
- The minimum practical boom length should be used, and should not exceed 75% of the wing span or rotor diameter.
- Applications should not be made at a height greater than 10 feet above the top of the largest plants unless a greater height is
- required for aircraft safety.
- No aerial application in New York State.

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COMPATIBILITY TESTING AND TANK MIX PARTNERS

- If SIVANTO prime is to be tank mixed with other pesticides, compatibility should be tested prior to mixing.
- It is the pesticide user's responsibility to ensure that all products are registered for the intended use. Read and follow the applicable
- restrictions and limitations and directions for use on all product labels involved in tank mixing. Users must follow the most restrictive
- directions for use and precautionary statements of each product in the tank mixture.

Compatibility

SIVANTO prime is physically and biologically compatible with many registered pesticides and fertilizers or micronutrients. However, it is known that many components, including crop protection products, fertilizers, micronutrients, and spray adjuvants, may be present in a tank mix combination. There is potential for adverse chemical reactions. It is impossible to determine physical, biological, and plant compatibility for all scenarios that may be encountered; therefore, it is recommended that users determine the chemical, physical, biological, and plant compatibility of such mixes prior to application on a broad commercial scale.

Order of Mixing

SIVANTO prime may be used with other recommended pesticides, fertilizers, and micronutrients. The proper mixing procedure for SIVANTO prime alone or in tank mix combinations with other pesticides is the following:

- 1. Fill the spray tank 1/4 to 1/3 full with clean water.
- 2. While recirculating and with the agitator running, add any products in PVA bags (See Note). Allow time for thorough mixing.
- 3. Continue to fill spray tank with water until 1/2 full.
- 4. Add any wettable powder (WP), water dispersible granule (WG/WDG) products, or "flowable" (FL/SC) type products.
- 5. Allow enough time for thorough mixing of each product added to tank.
- 6. Add required amount of SIVANTO prime.
- 7. If applicable, add any remaining tank mix components: emulsifiable concentrates (EC), fertilizers and micronutrients.
- 8. Fill spray tank to desired level and maintain constant agitation to ensure uniformity of spray mixture.

Important: Do not use PVA packets in a tank mix with products that contain boron or release free chlorine. The resultant reaction of PVA and boron or free chlorine is a plastic that is not soluble in water or solvents.

INSECTICIDE RESISTANCE MANAGEMENT (IRAC) RECOMMENDATIONS

For resistance management, SIVANTO prime contains a Group 4D insecticide. Any insect population may contain individuals naturally resistant to SIVANTO prime and other Group 4D insecticides. The resistant individuals may dominate the insect population if this group of insecticides are used repeatedly in the same fields. Appropriate resistance-management strategies should be followed.

To delay insecticide resistance, take one or more of the following steps:

 Rotate the use of SIVANTO prime or other Group 4D insecticides within a growing season, or among growing seasons, with different groups that control the same pests. Use tank mixtures with insecticides from a different group that are equally effective on the target pest when such use is permitted.
 Do not rely on the same mixture repeatedly for the same pest population. Consider any known cross-resistance issues (for the targeted pests) between the individual components of a mixture. In addition, consider the following recommendations provided by the Insecticide Resistance Action Committee (IRAC):

- Individual insecticides selected for use in mixtures should be highly effective and be applied at the rates at which they are individually registered for use against the taget species.
- Mixtures with components having the same IRAC mode of action classification are not recommended for insect resistance management.
- o When using mixtures, consider any known cross-resistance issues between the individual components for the targeted pest(s).
- Mixtures become less effective if resistance is already developing to one or both active ingredients, but they may still provide pest management benefits.
- o The insect resistance management benefits of an insecticide mixture are greatest if the two components have similar periods of residual insecticida activity. Mixtures of insecticides with unequal periods of residual insecticide activity may offer an insect resistance management benefit only for the period where both insecticides are active.
- Adopt an integrated pest management program for insecticide use that includes scouting, uses historical information related to
 pesticide use, crop rotation, record keeping, and which considers cultural, biological and other chemical control practices.
- Monitor after application for unexpected target pest survival. If the level of survival suggests the presence of resistance, consult with your local university specialist or certified pest control advisor.
- Contact your local extension specialist or certified crop advisors for any additional pesticide resistance-management and/or IPM recommendations for the specific site and pest problems in your area.
- For further information or to report suspected resistance contact Bayer CropScience at 1-866-99BAYER (1-866-992-2937).

ROTATIONAL CROPS¹

Treated areas may be replanted in accordance with the following schedule:

IMMEDIATE PLANT-BACK:

Alfafa; LOW GROWING BERRY - Crops of Crop Subgroup 13-076 (except Cranberry); BRASSICA HEAD and STEM VEGETABLES - Crops of of Group 5-16; BULE VEGETABLES - Crops of Crop Group 3-07; BUSHBERRY - Crops of Crop Subgroup 13-078; CANEBERRY - Crops of Crop Subgroup 13-07A; CEREAL GRAINS - Crops of Crop Group 3-07; BUSHBERRY - Crops of Crop Subgroup 13-078; CANEBERRY - Crops of Crop Group 10-10; Clover?; Coffee; COTTONSEED - Crops of Crop Group 510; ClovelBIT VEGETABLES - Crops of Crop Group 51; FOLIAGE of LEGUME VEGETABLES - Crops of Crop Group 7; FORAGE, FODDER and STRAW OF CEREAL GRAINS - Crops of Crop Group 51; FOLIAGE of LEGUME VEGETABLES - Crops of Crop Group 7; FORAGE, FODDER and STRAW OF CEREAL GRAINS - Crops of Crop Group 51; FOLIAGE of LEGUME VEGETABLES - Crops of Crop Group 7; FORAGE, FODDER and STRAW OF CEREAL GRAINS - Crops of Crop Group 51; FOLIAGE of LEGUME VEGETABLES - LCROPS of Crop Group 7; FORAGE, FODDER and HAY - Crops of Crop Group 74; FOLIAGE of LEGUME VEGETABLES (SUCCULENT OR DRIED) - Crops of Crop Subgroup 228; LEAPY VEGETABLE - Crops of Crop Group 11-10; Prickly pear; Cactus Pear;; Quinoa; RAPESEED - Crops of Crop Subgroup 228; LEAPY VEGETABLES (except sugar beet) - Crops of Crop Subgroup 18; Sesame; SMALL FRUIT VINE CLIMBING (except fuzzy kiwifruit) - Crops of Crop Subgroup 13-07F; STALK and STEM VEGETABLES - Crops of Crop Subgroup 224; REAPY LEAPY VEGETABLES - Crops of Crop Subgroup 12-12; SUNFLOWER - Crops of Crop Subgroup 208; Taro leaf; Tobacco; TREE NUTS - Crops of Crop Group 14-12 (except Almond); Tropical and Subtropical, Cactus, inedible peel subgroup 240; Tropical and Subtropical, Medium to large fruit, smooth, inedible peel-Crop Subgroup 14; Crops of Crop Subgroup 16; Subgroup 16;

14-DAY PLANT-BACK:

Sugarcane³

12-MONTH PLANT-BACK:

For crops not listed on this label, or for crops for which no tolerances for the active ingredients have been established, the plant-back interval must be observed.

¹Cover crops for soil building or erosion control may be planted any time, but do not graze or harvest for food or feed.
²For Idaho, Oregon and Washington Only.

³Sugarcane: 12-month plant back in all registered states except for Florida (14-Day).

CROP USE DIRECTIONS

Choose the lower rate for light infestations and the higher rate for heavy infestations.

ALFALFA FOLIAR - Grown For Forage, Fodder, Straw, and Hay		
Pest Controlled	Product Rate (fl oz/A)	
Aphids Leafhoppers	7.0 - 14.0	
Three-cornered alfalfa hopper Whiteflies	10.5 - 14.0	
Pest Suppressed	Product Rate (fl oz/A)	
Tarnished plant bug (<i>Lygus lineolaris</i>) Western plant bug (<i>Lygus hesperus</i>)	14.0	
Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): 7 Day(s) Minimum interval between applications: 10 Day(s) Minimum Application Volume: 10 Gallons/Acre I Ground; 3 Gallons/Acre I Aerial Do not apply more than 28 fl oz of SIVANTO prime (0.365 Pound Flupyradifurone) per Acre Per Calendar Year on alfalfa, regardl of product or formulation. Do not use on Alfalfa Grown for Seed.		
ASPARAGUS ¹ FOLIAR		
Pest Controlled	Product Rate (fl oz/A)	
Aphids	7.0 - 14.0	
Application Restrictions: Minimum interval between applications: 30 Day(s) Minimum Application Volume: 10 Gallons/Acre Ground; 3 Gallons/Acre Aerial Do not apply more than 28 fl oz of SIVANTO® prime (0.365 Pound Flupyradifurone) per Acre Per Calendar Year on asparagu: regardless of product or formulation. ¹ Unly for Post-Harvest and Ferr Stage use 11		

BRASSICA HEAD AND STEM VEGETABLE AND KOHLRABI

FOLIAR Crops of Group 5-16 - Broccoli; Brussels sprouts; Cabbage; Cabbage, Chinese, napa; Cauliflower; cultivars, varieties, and/or hybrids of these

Pest Controlled	Product Rate (fl oz/A)
Aphids (except green peach aphid) Leafhoppers	7.0 – 14.0
Green peach aphid Whiteflies	10.5 – 14.0
Application Restrictions:	

Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): 1 Day(s)

Minimum interval between applications: 7 Day(s) Minimum Application Volume: 10 Gallons/Acre | Ground; 3 Gallons/Acre | Aerial Do not apply more than 28 fl oz of SIVANTO prime (0.365 Pound Flupyradifurone) per Acre Per Crop Season on brassica (cole) leafy vegetables, regardless of method of application, product or formulation.

Maximum number of crop seasons per year: 3

BRASSICA HEAD AND STEM VEGETABLE AND KOHLRABI

SOIL Crops of Group 5-16 - Broccoli; Brussels sprouts; Cabbage; Cabbage; Chinese, napa; Cauliflower; cultivars, varieties, and/or hybrids of these

Pest Controlled	Product Rate (fl oz/A)
Aphids Leafhoppers Whiteflies	21.0 - 28.0
Application Information:	

Application Information:

SIVANTO prime may be applied at the specified dosage by the following methods:

- · Chemigation into root zone through low-pressure drip, trickle, micro-sprinkler or equivalent equipment
- . Injection below the eventual seed line prior to planting. Place SIVANTO prime 3 4 inches below seed line
- · Potting hole drench at transplanting
- · Post-transplant drench following setting and covering

Application Restrictions: Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): 21 Day(s) Do not apply more than 28 fl oz of SIVANTO prime (0.365 Pound Flupyradifurone) per Acre Per Crop Season on brassica (cole) leafy vegetables, regardless of method of application, product or formulation. Maximum number of crop seasons per year: 3

BUSHBERRY (Subgroup 13-07B)

FOLIAR

Aronia berry; Blueberry (Vaccinium spp. - highbush, lowbush, and cultivars and/or hybrids of these); Chilean guava; Currant (black, buffalo, native and red); Elderberry; European barberry; Gooseberry; Highbush cranberry; Honesyuckle, edible; Huckleberry; Jostaberry; Juneberry (Saskaton Serviceberry); Lingonberry; Salai; Sea buckhtorr; cultivars, varieties, and/or hybrids of these

Pest Controlled	Product Rate (fl oz/A)
Aphids	7.0 – 14.0
Blueberry thrips-feeding damage reduction (Frankliniella vaccinii)	10.5 – 14.0
Blueberry maggot	12.0 - 14.0
Pest Suppressed	Product Rate (fl oz/A)
Blueberry thrips (Scirtothrips citri)	10.5 – 14.0
Chilli thrips (Scirtothrips dorsalis)	14.0
Application Restrictions: Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): 3 Day(s) Minimum interval between applications: 7 Day(s) Minimum Application Volume: 25 Gallons/Acre Ground; 3 Gallons/Acre Aerial Do not apply more than 28 fl oz of SIVANTO prime (0.365 Pound Flupyradifurone) per Acre Per Calendar Year on bushberr regardless of product or formulation.	

CANEBERRY (Subgroup 13-07A)		
FOLIAR		
Blackberry; Loganberry; Raspberry (black and red); Wild raspberry; cultivars, varieties, and/or hybrids of these		
Pest Controlled	Product Rate (fl oz/A)	
Aphids	7.0 - 14.0	
Whiteflies	10.5 – 14.0	
Application Restrictions: Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): 0 Day(s) Minimum interval between applications: 7 Day(s) Minimum Application Volume: 30 Gallons/Acre Ground; 3 Gallons/Acre Aerial Do not apply more than 28 fl oz of SIVANTO prime (0.365 Pound Flupyradifurone) per Acre Per Year on caneberry, regardless of product or formulation.		
CEREAL GRAINS (Group 15), FORAGE, FODDER AND STRAW OF CEREAL GRAINS (Group 16) AND QUINOA FOLIAR - Including production for seed Crops of Crop Group 15 (excluding Rice; Wild rice) - Barley; Buckwheat; Corn (field corn, seed corn, sweet corn and popcorn); Mille pearl; Millet, proso; Oat; Rye; Sorghum, milo (including sorghum grown for syrup) ¹ ; Teosinte; Triticale; Wheat.		
Crops of Crop Group 16 (excluding Rice; Wild rice) - Barley; Buckwheat; Corn (field corn, seed corn, sweet corn and popcorn); Mille pearl; Millet, proso; Oat; Rye; Sorghum, milo (including sorghum grown for syrup); Teosinte; Triticale; Wheat		
¹ See separate Use Table for Sorghum - Soil application Pest Controlled	Product Rate (fl oz/A)	
Aphids Leafhoppers	7.0 – 14.0	
Whiteflies	10.5 – 14.0	
Application Restrictions: Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): 7 Day(s) - hay, forage, sorghum grown for syrup, or sweet corn Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): 21 Day(s) - dried grain, stover or straw Minimum interval between applications: 7 Day(s) Minimum Application Volume: 10 Gallons/Acre Ground; 3 Gallons/Acre Aerial Do not apply more than 28 fl oz of SIVANTO prime (0.365 Pound Flupyradifurone) per Acre Per Calendar Year on cereal grain: regardless of method of application, product or formulation.		
14		

FOLIAR Pest Controlled	Product Rate (fl oz/A)
Aphids	7.0 - 14.0
Application Information: Start treatments when pests are first detected. Use the higher rate for higher pest infestation levels.	
Application Restrictions: Minimum Application Volume: 25 Gallons/Acre Ground; 10 Gallons/Acre Aerial Minimum interval between applications: 7 Day(s)	
CITRUS FRUITS (Group 10-10) FOLIAR Calamondin; Citron; Citrus hybrids; Grapefruit; Japanese summer grapefruit; Kumquat; Lemon; Lime; Lime (Sweet, Australian desert Australian finger, Australian round, Brown River finger, Mount White, New Guinea wild, Russell River, Tahiti); Mediterranean mandarin Orange (sour, sweet, Tachibana, Trifoliate); Pummelo; Satsuma mandarin; Tangelo; Tangerine (Mandarin); Tangor; Uniq fruit; cultivars varieties, and/or hybrids of these	
Pest Controlled	Product Rate (fl oz/A)
Aphids Citrus mealybug	7.0 - 14.0
Asian citrus psyllid Citricola scale Whiteflies	10.5 – 14.0
Pest Suppressed	Product Rate (fl oz/A)
Barnacle scale ¹ Citrus thrips	10.5 – 14.0
(Scirtothrips citri) Katydid nymphs	

Application Information:

¹Time SIVANTO prime applications for control of barnacle scale according to crawler stage. Two applications may be required to achieve best efficacy.

Application Restrictions:

Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): 1 Day(s)

Minimum interval between applications: 10 Day(s)

Minimum Application Volume: 50 Gallons/Acre | Ground; 10 Gallons/Acre | Aerial

For Florida only- minimum application volumes: 2.5 gallons/Acre (Ground); For Florida and Texas only: 3 gallons/Acre (Aerial) for control of Asian citrus psyllid. For control or suppression of other pests, application volumes should be increased to provide thorough and complete coverage to obtain adequate control.

Do not apply more than 28 fl oz of SIVANTO prime (0.365 Pound Flupyradifurone) per Acre Per Calendar Year on citrus fruit, regardless of method of application, product or formulation.

CITRUS FRUITS (Group 10-10)

SOIL

Calamondin; Citron; Citrus hybrids; Grapefruit; Japanese summer grapefruit; Kumquat; Lemon; Lime; Lime (Sweet, Australian desert, Australian finger, Australian round, Brown River finger, Mount White, New Guinea wild, Russell River, Tahiti); Mediterranean mandarin; Orange (sour, sweet, Tachibana, Trifoliate); Pummelo; Satsuma mandarin; Tangelo; Tangerine (Mandarin); Tangor; Uniq fruit; cultivars, varieties, and/or hybrids of these

Pest Controlled	Product Rate (fl oz/A)
Aphids Asian citrus psyllid Whiteflies	21.0 - 28.0
Pest Suppressed	Product Rate (fl oz/A)
Citrus canker (Xanthomonas citri subsp. Citri)	28.0
Application Information: SNANTO prime may be applied at the specified dosage by the following methods: • Chemigation into root zone through low-pressure drip, trickle, micro-sprinkler or equivalent equipment • Basal drench in sufficient water to move SNANTO prime into root zone	

Application Restrictions:

Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): 30 Day(s)

Do not apply more than 28 fl oz of SIVANTO prime (0.365 Pound Flupyradifurone) per Acre Per Calendar Year on citrus fruit, regardless of method of application, product or formulation.

Pest Controlled	Product Rate (fl oz/A)	
Aphids Leafhoppers	7.0 - 14.0	
Application Restrictions: Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): 14 Day(s) Minimum Interval between applications: 10 Day(s) Minimum Application Volume: 10 Gallons/Acre Ground; 3 Gallons/Acre Aerial Do not apply more than 28 fl og of SIVANTO prime (0.365 Pound Flupyradifurone) per Acre Per Calendar Year on clover, regardles: of product or formulation. ¹ Only For Use in: Idaho, Oregon, and Washington		
COTTONSEED (Subgroup 20C) FOLIAR - Including Production for Seed		
Pest Controlled	Product Rate (fl oz/A)	
Aphids Fleahoppers	7.0 – 14.0	
Whiteflies	10.5 – 14.0	
Application Restrictions: Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): 14 Day(s) Minimum interval between applications: 10 Day(s) Minimum Application Volume: 10 Gallons/Acre I Ground; 3 Gallons/Acre I Aerial Do not apply more than 28 fl oz of SIVANTO prime (0.365 Pound Flupyradifurone) per Acre Per Calendar Year on cotton, regardles of product or formulation.		

CUCURBIT VEGETABLES (Group 9) FOLIAR

Chayote (fruit); Chinese waxgourd (Chinese preserving melon); Citron melon; Cucumber; Gherkin; Gourd, edible (includes hyotan, cucuzza, hechima, Chinese okra); *Momordica* spp. (includes balsam apple, balsam pear, bitter melon, Chinese cucumber); Pumpkin; Squash, summer (includes crookneck squash, scallop squash, straightneck squash, vegetable marrow, zucchini); Squash, winter (includes acorn squash, butternut squash, calabaza, hubbard squash, spaghetti squash) ; Watermelon (includes hybrids and/or varieties of Citrullus lanatus)

Pest Controlled	Product Rate (fl oz/A)
Aphids (except green peach aphid) Leafhoppers	7.0 – 14.0
Green peach aphid Squash bug Whiteflies	10.5 - 14.0
Application Information: A mild yellowing on leaf margins is sometimes seen f	ollowing application of SIVANTO prime in cucurbits.
Application Restrictions: Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): 1 Day(s) Minimum interval between applications: 7 Day(s) Minimum Application Volume: 10 Gallons/Acre Ground; 3 Gallons/Acre Aerial Do not apply more than 28 fl oz of SIVANTO prime (0.365 Pound Flupyradifurone) per Acre Per Calendar Year on cucurbit vegetables, regardless of product or formulation. Do not apply SIVANTO prime as a foliar application to muskmelon (hybrids and/or cuttivars of Cucumis melo including tru cantaloupe, cantaloupe, casaba, Crenshaw melon, golden pershaw melon, honeydew melon, honey balls, mango melon, Persia melon, pineapple melon, Santa Claus melon, and snake melon).	
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CUCURBIT VEGETABLES (Group 9) SOII

Chayote (fruit); Chinese waxgourd (Chinese preserving melon); Citron melon; Cucumber; Gherkin; Gourd, edible (includes hyotan, cucuza, hechima, Chinese okra); *Momordica* spp. (includes balsam apple, balsam pear, bitter melon, Chinese cucumber); Muskmelon (hybrids and/or cultivars of Cucumis melo including true cantaloupe, castaloupe, castala, Crenshaw melon, golden pershaw melon, honeydew melon, honey balls, mango melon, Persian melon, pineaple melon, Santa Ciaus melon, and snake melon); Pumpkin; Squash, summer (includes crookneck squash, scallop squash, straightneck squash, vegetable marrow, zucchin); Squash, winter (includes acom squash, butternut squash, calabaza, hubbard squash, spaghetti squash); Watermelon (includes hybrids and/or varieties of Citrullus lanatus)

Pest Controlled	Product Rate (fl oz/A)	
Aphids Leafhoppers	21.0 - 28.0	
Disease Suppressed	Product Rate (fl oz/A)	
CYSDV - Cucurbit yellow stunting disorder virus	28.0	
Application Information: SWANTO prime may be applied at the specified dosage by the following methods: • Chemigation into root zone through low-pressure drip, trickle, micro-sprinkler or equivalent equipment • Injection below the eventual seed line prior to planting. Place SWANTO prime 3-4 inches below seed line • Potting hole drench at transplanting • Post-transplant drench following setting and covering A mild vellowing on leaf margins is sometimes seen following application of SIVANTO prime in cucurbits.		
Application Restrictions: Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): 21 Day(s) Do not apply more than 28 fl oz of SIVANTO prime (0.365 Pound Flupyradifurone) per Acre Per Crop Season on cucurbit vegetable regardless of method of application, product or formulation. Maximum number of crop seasons per year. 3		
	10	

FRUITING VEGETABLES (Group 8-10)

SOIL

African eggplant; Bush tomato; Cocona; Currant tomato; Eggplant; Garden huckleberry; Goji berry; Groundcherry; Martynia; Naranjilla; Okra; Pea eggplant; Pepino; Pepper, bell; Pepper, nonbell; Roseile; Scarlet eggplant; Sunberry; Tomatiilo; Tomato; Tree tomato; cultivars, varieties and/or hybrids of these

Disease Controlled	Product Rate (fl oz/A)
TYLCV - Tomato yellow leaf curl virus	28.0
Pest Controlled	Product Rate (fl oz/A)
Aphids Leafhoppers Psyllids Whiteflies	21.0 - 28.0
Application Information: SIVANTO prime may be applied at the specified dosag • Chemigation into root zone through low-pressure dr • Injection below the eventual seed line prior to planti • Potting hole drench at transplanting • Post-transplant drench following setting and covering	ip, trickle, micro-sprinkler or equivalent equipment ing. Place SIVANTO prime 3-4 inches below seed line
Application Restrictions: Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): 45 Day(s) Do not apply more than 28 fl oz of SIVANTO prime (0 .3 regardless of method of application, product or formu Maximum number of crop seasons per year: 3	365 Pound Flupyradifurone) per Acre Per Crop Season on fruiting vegetables lation.
	omato; Eggplant; Garden huckleberry; Goji berry; Groundcherry; Martynia Pepper, nonbell; Roselle; Scarlet eggplant; Sunberry; Tomatillo; Tomato; Tree
Pest Controlled	Product Rate (fl oz/A)
Aphids (except green peach aphid) Leafhoppers	7.0 - 14.0

Colorado potato beetle Green peach aphid Psyllids Whiteflies	10.5 - 14.0
Disease Suppressed	Product Rate (fl oz/A)
TYLCV - Tomato yellow leaf curl virus	14.0
Pest Suppressed	Product Rate (fl oz/A)
Chilli thrips (Scirtothrips dorsalis)	12.0 – 14.0
regardless of product or formulation. GRASS FORAGE, FODDER AND HAY (Group 17) ¹ FOLIAR All pasture and range grasses and grasses grown for	nd; 3 Gallons/Acre Aerial 65 Pound Flupyradifurone) per Acre Per Calendar Year on fruiting vegetables,
Rye; Sorghum (milo); Teosinte; Triticale; Wheat; Wild r	
Pest Controlled	Product Rate (fl oz/A)
Aphids	7.0 – 14.0
Application Restrictions: Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): 7 Day(s) Minimum interval between applications: 7 Day(s) Minimum Application Volume: 10 Gallons/Acre I Grou Do not apply more than 28 fl oz of SIVANTO [®] prim regardless of product or formulation. ''ohly For Use in: Idaho and Oregon.	nd; 3 Gallons/Acre Aerial le (0.365 Pound Flupyradifurone) per Acre Per Calendar Year on grasses,
¹ Only For Use in: Idaho and Oregon.	21

Pest Controlled	Product Rate (fl oz/A)
Aphids	7.0 – 10.7
Application Restrictions: Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): 21 Day(s) Minimum Application Volume: 25 Gallons/Acre Grour Do not apply more than 10.7 fl oz of SIVANTO prime (of product or formulation.	nd; 10 Gallons/Acre Aerial 0.14 Pound Flupyradifurone) per Acre Per Calendar Year on hop, regardles
KAVA FOLIAR Kava Leaves; Kava Root	
Pest Controlled	Product Rate (fl oz/A)
Aphids (except green peach aphid) Leafhoppers	7.0 – 14.0
Green peach aphid Whiteflies	10.5 – 14.0
Application Restrictions: Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): 7 Day(s) Minimum interval between applications: 10 Day(s) Minimum Application Volume: 10 Gallons/Acre I Grour Do not apply more than 28 fl oz of SVANTO® prime (0 of method of application, product or formulation. Maximum number of crop seasons per year. 3	nd; 3 Gallons/Acre Aerial .365 Pound Flupyradifurone) per Acre Per Crop Season on kava, regardless

I FAF PETIOLE VEGETABLE FOI IAR Crops of Crop Subgroup 22B - Cardoon; Celery; Celery, Chinese; Fuki ; Rhubarb; Udo ; Zuiki; cultivars, varieties, and/or hybrids of these Pest Controlled Product Rate (fl oz/A) Aphids (except green peach aphid) 7.0 - 14.0Leafhoppers Green peach aphid 10.5 - 14.0Whiteflies Application Restrictions: Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): 1 Day(s) Minimum interval between applications: 7 Dav(s) Minimum Application Volume: 10 Gallons/Acre | Ground: 3 Gallons/Acre | Aerial Do not apply more than 28 fl oz of SIVANTO[®] prime (0.365 Pound Flupyradifurone) per Acre Per Crop Season on stalk and stem vegetables, regardless of method of application, product or formulation. Maximum number of crop seasons per year: 3 CELTUCE: FENNEL, FLORENCE, FRESH LEAVES AND STALK FOLIAR Pest Controlled Product Rate (fl oz/A) Aphids (except green peach aphid) 7.0 - 14.0Leafhoppers Green peach aphid 10.5 - 14.0Whiteflies Application Restrictions: Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): 1 Dav(s) Minimum interval between applications: 7 Day(s) Minimum Application Volume: 10 Gallons/Acre | Ground: 3 Gallons/Acre | Aerial Do not apply more than 28 fl oz of SIVANTO[®] prime (0.365 Pound Flupyradifurone) per Acre Per Crop Season on stalk and stem vegetables, regardless of method of application, product or formulation. Maximum number of crop seasons per year: 3

LEAFY VEGETABLE (Group 4-16)¹ FOLIAR

Amaranth, Chinese; Amaranth, leafy; Arugula; Aster, Indian; Blackjack; Broccoli raab; Broccoli, Chinese; Cabbage, abyssinian; Cabbage, Chinese, bok choy; Cabbage, seakale; Cat's whiskers; Cham-chwi; Cham-na-mui; Chervil, fresh leaves; Collards; Corn salad; Cosmos; Cress, garden; Cress, upland; Dandelion, leaves; Dang-gwi, leaves; Dillweed; Dock; Dol-nam-mul; Ebolo; Endiwe; Escarole; Fameflower; Feather cockscomb; Good King Henry; Hanover salad; Huauzontle; Jute, leaves; Kale; Lettuce, bitter; Lettuce, head; Lettuce, leaf; Maca, leaves; Mizuna; Mustard greens; Orach; Parsley, fresh leaves; Plantain, buckthorn; Primrose, English; Purslane, garden; Purslane, winter; Radicchio; Radish, leaves; Rape greens; Rocket, wild; Shepherd's purse; Spinach; Spinach, Malabar; Spinach, New Zealand; Spinach, tanier; Swiss chard; Turnig greens; Volet, Chinese, leaves; cultivars, varieties, and/or hybrids of these

Pest Controlled	Product Rate (fl oz/A)
Aphids (except green peach aphid) Leafhoppers	7.0 - 14.0
Green peach aphid Whiteflies	10.5 - 14.0
Application Restrictions: Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): 1 Day(s) Minimum interval between applications: 7 Day(s) Minimum Application Volume: 10 Gallons/Acre I Grou Do not apply more than 28 fl oz of SIVANTO prime (l regardless of method of application, product or form Maximum number of crop seasons per year: 3 'See separate table for taro leaves use directions.	0.365 Pound Flupyradifurone) per Acre Per Crop Season on leafy vegetables,
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LEAFY VEGETABLE (Group 4-16)¹

SOIL

Amaranth, Chinese; Amaranth, leafy; Arugula; Aster, Indian; Blackjack; Broccoli raab; Broccoli, Chinese; Cabbage, abyssinian; Cabbage, Chinese, bok choy; Cabbage, seakale; Cat's whiskers; Cham-chwi; Cham-na-mul; Chervil, fresh leaves; Chipilin; Chrysanthemum, garland; Cilantro, fresh leaves; Collards; Corn salad; Cosmos; Cress, garden; Cress, upland; Dandelion, leaves; Dang-gwi, leaves; Dillweed; Dock; Dol-nam-nul; Ebolo ; Endive; Escarole; Fameflower ; Feather cockscomb; Good King Henry; Hanover salad; Huauzontle; Jute, leaves ; Kale; Lettuce, bitter; Lettuce, head; Lettuce, leaf ; Maca, leaves; Mizuna; Mustard greens; Orach; Parsley, fresh leaves; Plantain, buckthorn; Primrose, English; Purslane, garden; Purslane, winter; Radicchio; Radish, leaves; Rape greens; Rocket, wild; Shepherd's purse; Spinach; Spinach, Malabar; Spinach, New Zealand; Spinach, tanier; Swiss chard; Turnip greens; Violet, Chinese, leaves; Cultivars, varieties, and/or hybrids of these

Pest Controlled	Product Rate (fl oz/A)
Aphids Leafhoppers Whiteflies	21.0 - 28.0
Application Information: SIVANTO prime may be applied at the specified dosag • Chemigation into root zone through low-pressure dr • Injection below the eventual seed line prior to planti • Potting hole drench at transplanting • Post-transplant drench following setting and coverin	ip, trickle, micro-sprinkler or equivalent equipment ng. Place SIVANTO prime 3-4 inches below seed line
Application Restrictions: Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): 21 Day(s) Do not apply more than 28 fl oz of SIVANTO prime (0. regardless of method of application, product or formu Maximum number of crop seasons per year. 3 'See separate table for taro leaves use directions.	365 Pound Flupyradifurone) per Acre Per Crop Season on leafy vegetables, lation.

LEGUME VEGETABLES (SUCCULENT OR DRIED) (Group 6) and FOLIAGE OF LEGUME VEGETABLES (Group 7) FOLIAR

Crops of Crop Group 6 - Bean (*Lupinus* spp.) (includes grain lupin, sweet lupin, white lupin, and white sweet lupin); Bean (Phaseolus spp.) (includes field bean, kidney bean, lima bean, navy bean, pinto bean, runner bean, snap bean, tepary bean, wax bean); Bean (*Vigna* spp.) (includes adzuki bean, asparagus bean, blackeyed pea, catjang, Chinese longbean, cowpea, Crowder pea, moth bean, mung bean, rice bean, southern pea, urd bean, yardlong bean); Broad bean (fava bean); Chickpea (garbanzo bean); Guar; Jackbean; Lablab bean (hyacinth bean); Lentil; Pea (*Pisum* spp.) (includes dwarf pea, edible-pod pea, English pea, field pea, garden pea, greve pea, snow pea, sugar snap pea); Pigeon pea; Soybean (immature seed); Sword bean.

Crops of Crop Group 7 - Bean; Field pea

Pest Controlled	Product Rate (fl oz/A)
Aphids Leafhoppers	7.0 - 14.0
Whiteflies	10.5 – 14.0
21 Day(s) – dry soybean seed Minimum interval between applications: 10 Day(s) Minimum Application Volume: 10 Gallons/Acre I Groun	65 Pound Flupyradifurone) per Acre Per Calendar Year on legume vegetables
LOW GROWING BERRY (Subgroup 13-07G)	
	ush; Bearberry; Bilberry; Cloudberry; Lingonberry; Muntries; Partridgeberry; e
Pest Controlled	Product Rate (fl oz/A)
Aphids	7.0 - 14.0
Blueberry thrips-feeding damage reduction (<i>Frankliniella vaccinii</i>) Whiteflies	10.5 – 14.0
	12.0 - 14.0

Pest Suppressed	Product Rate (fl oz/A)
Blueberry thrips (<i>Scirtothrips citri</i>)	10.5 – 14.0
Chilli thrips (Scirtothrips dorsalis)	14.0
Application Restrictions: Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): 0 Day(s) Minimum interval between applications: 10 Day(s) Minimum Application Volume: 10 Gallons/Acre I Groun Do not apply more than 28 fl oz of SIVANTO prime (0.3 regardless of product or formulation.	nd; 3 Gallons/Acre Aerial 65 Pound Flupyradifurone) per Acre Per Calendar Year on low growing berry,
PEANUT Foliar	
Pest Controlled	Product Rate (fl oz/A)
Aphids Leafhoppers	7.0 – 14.0
Three-cornered alfalfa hopper Whiteflies	10.5 – 14.0
Application Restrictions: Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): 7 Day(s) Minimum interval between applications: 10 Day(s) Minimum Mapplication Volume: 10 Gallons/Acre I Groun Do not apply more than 28 fl oz of SIVANTO prime (0.3 of product or formulation.	nd; 3 Gallons/Acre Aerial 65 Pound Flupyradifurone) per Acre Per Calendar Year on peanut, regardless
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FOLIAR Pest Controlled	Product Rate (fl oz/A)
	7.0 – 14.0
Mealybugs	7.0 - 14.0
Application Restrictions: Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): 0 Day(s)	
Minimum interval between applications: 7 Day(s)	
Minimum Application Volume: 10 Gallons/Acre Grour	nd: 3 Gallons/Acre Aerial
	(0.365 Pound Flupyradifurone) per Acre Per Calendar Year on pineapple
regardless of product or formulation.	
POME FRUIT (Group 11-10)	
FOLIAR	
	; Pear; Pear, Asian; Pseudocydonia sinensis (Thouin) C.K. Schneid.; Quince
Quince, Chinese; Quince, Japanese; Tejocote; cultivars	, varieties, and/or hybrids of these
Pest Controlled	Product Rate (fl oz/A)
Aphids (except woolly apple aphid)	7.0 - 14.0
Leafhoppers	1.0 - 14.0
Dystershell scale	
Pear psylla	10.5 – 14.0
San Jose scale ¹	
Pest Suppressed	Product Rate (fl oz/A)
Woolly apple aphids	12.0 - 14.0
Application Information:	
For best results, combine SIVANTO prime with a hortic	ultural oil for pre-bloom applications targeting San Jose scale.
Suppression in Idaho, Oregon, and Washington.	

Application Restrictions: Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): 14 Dav(s) Minimum interval between applications: 10 Day(s) Minimum Application Volume: 25 Gallons/Acre | Ground: 10 Gallons/Acre | Aerial Do not apply more than 28 fl oz of SIVANTO prime (0.365 Pound Flupyradifurone) per Acre Per Calendar Year on pome fruit, regardless of product or formulation. Do not apply SIVANTO prime with horticultural oils to pear in late-season or during periods of above average temperatures. ROOT VEGETABLES - EXCEPT SUGARBEET (Subgroup 1B) FOI IAR Beet, garden; Burdock, edible; Carrot; Celeriac (celery root); Chervil, turnip-rooted; Chicory; Ginseng; Horseradish; Parsley, turnip-rooted: Parsnip: Radish: Radish, oriental (daikon): Rutabaga: Salsify (ovster plant): Salsify, black: Salsify, Spanish: Skirret; Turnip Pest Controlled Product Rate (fl oz/A) Anhids 7.0 - 14.0Leafhoppers Whiteflies 10.5 - 14.0Application Restrictions: Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): 7 Dav(s) Minimum interval between applications: 10 Day(s) Minimum Application Volume: 10 Gallons/Acre | Ground: 3 Gallons/Acre | Aerial Do not apply more than 28 fl oz of SIVANTO prime (0.365 Pound Flupyradifurone) per Acre Per Calendar Year on root vegetables. regardless of product or formulation. Do not harvest the tops (leaves) from any crop listed under Crop Subgroup 1B, except turnip greens and kava leaves, for human or

livestock consumption.

SMALL FRUIT VINE CLIMBING - EXCEPT FUZZY KIWIFRUIT (Subgroup 13-07F) Foliar

Amur river grape; Gooseberry; Grape; Kiwifruit (hardy only); Maypop; Schisandra berry; cultivars, varieties, and/or hybrids of these

Pest Controlled	Product Rate (fl oz/A)
Leafhoppers Sharpshooters	7.0 – 14.0
Vine mealybug	12.0 - 14.0
Application Restrictions: Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): 0 Day(s)	
Minimum interval between applications: 10 Day(s) Minimum Application Volume: 25 Gallons/Acre Groun	id; 10 Gallons/Acre Aerial 365 Pound Fluguradifurges) per Acre Per Calendar Vear on small fruit vine

Do not apply more than 28 fl oz of SIVANTO prime (0.365 Pound Flupyradifurone) per Acre Per Calendar Year on small fruit vine climbing, regardless of method of application, product or formulation.

SMALL FRUIT VINE CLIMBING - EXCEPT FUZZY KIWIFRUIT (Subgroup 13-07F) SOIL	
Amur river grape; Gooseberry; Grape; Kiwifruit (hardy	only); Maypop; Schisandra berry; cultivars, varieties, and/or hybrids of these
Pest Controlled	Product Rate (fl oz/A)
Leafhoppers Sharpshooters Vine mealybug	21.0 - 28.0
Application Information: SIVANTO prime may be applied at the specified dosag • Chemigation into root zone through low-pressure dr • Basal drench in sufficient water to move SIVANTO pr	ip, trickle, micro-sprinkler or equivalent equipment
Application Restrictions: Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): 30 Day(s) Do not apply more than 28 fl oz of SIVANTO prime (0 climbing, regardless of method of application, product	.365 Pound Flupyradifurone) per Acre Per Calendar Year on small fruit vine or formulation.
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SORGHUM	
SOIL - Including sorghum grown for syrup	
Pest Controlled	Product Rate (fl oz/A)
Aphids	10.0 – 28.0
Application Information: SIVAITO prime may be applied at the specified dosag • Injection below the eventual seed row prior to plant In-furrow spray during planting • Chemiqation into root-zone through low-pressure d	ing. Place SIVANTO prime 3 - 4 inches below seed-line
Application Restrictions: Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): 45 Day(s) Do not apply more than 28 fl oz of SIVANTO prime regardless of method of application, product or formu Maximum number of crop seasons per year: 1	(0.365 Pound Flupyradifurone) per Acre Per Calendar Year on Sorghum, lation.
	nerry, nanking; cherry, sweet; cherry, tart; jujube, chinese; nectarine; peach; um, cherry; plum, Chickasaw; plum, damson; plum, Japanese; plum, Klamath; r hybrids of these
Pest Controlled	Product Rate (fl oz/A)
Aphids	7.0 – 14.0
San Jose scale ¹	10.5 – 14.0
Application Information: For best results, combine SIVANTO prime with a hortic ¹ Suppression in Idaho, Oregon, and Washington.	cultural oil for pre-bloom applications targeting San Jose scale.
Application Restrictions: Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): 14 Day(s) Minimum Interval between applications: 10 Day(s) Minimum Application Volume: 25 Gallons/Acre I Grour Do not apply more than 28 fl oz of SIVANTO prime regardless of method of application, product or formu	(0.365 Pound Flupyradifurone) per Acre Per Calendar Year on stone fruit
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Pest Controlled	Product Rate (fl oz/A)
Leafhoppers	7.0 – 14.0
Aphids Whiteflies	10.5 – 14.0
Application Restrictions: Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): 1 Day(s) Minimum interval between applications: 7 Day(s) Minimum Application Volume: 10 Gallons/Acre Grour Do not apply more than 28 fl oz of SIVANTO prime regardless of method of application, product or formu Maximum number of crop seasons per year: 3	(0.365 Pound Flupyradifurone) per Acre Per Crop Season on taro leaves
TARO LEAVES Soil	
Pest Controlled	Product Rate (fl oz/A)
Aphids Leafhoppers Whiteflies	21.0 - 28.0
Application Information: SIVANTO prime may be applied at the specified dosag • Chemigation into root zone through low-pressure dr • Injection below the eventual seed line prior to planti • Potting hole drench at transplanting • Post-transplant drench following setting and coverin	ip, trickle, micro-sprinkler or equivalent equipment ng. Place SIVANTO prime 3-4 inches below seed line
Application Restrictions: Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): 21 Day(s) Do not apply more than 28 fl oz of SIVANTO prime regardless of method of application, product or formu Maximum number of crop seasons per year. 3	(0.365 Pound Flupyradifurone) per Acre Per Crop Season on taro leaves ation.

TREE NUTS (Group 14-12) FOLIAR - excluding Almond

African nut-tree; Beech nut; Brazil nut; Brazilian pine; Bunya; Bur oak; Butternut; Cajou nut; Candlenut; Cashew; Chestnut; Chinquapin; Coconut; Coquito nut; Dika nut; Ginkgo; Guiana chestnut; Hazelnut (Filbert); Heartnut; Hickory nut; Japanese horse-chestnut; Macadamia nut; Mongongo nut; Monkey puzzle nut; Monkey-pot; Okari nut; Pachira nut; Peach palm nut; Pecan; Pequi; Pili nut; Pine nut; Pistachi; Sapucaia nut; Tropical almond; Walnut, black; Walnut, English; Yellowhorn; cultivars, varieties, and/or hybrids of these

Pest Controlled	Product Rate (fl oz/A)
Aphids	7.0 - 14.0
Whiteflies	10.5 - 14.0
Annella shine Dashelations	

Application Restrictions:

Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): 7 Day(s)

Minimum interval between applications: 14 Day(s)

Minimum Application Volume: 25 Gallons/Acre | Ground; 10 Gallons/Acre | Aerial

Do not apply more than 28 fl oz of SIVANTO prime (0.365 Pound Flupyradifurone) per Acre Per Calendar Year on tree nut, regardless of product or formulation.

TROPICAL AND SUBTROPICAL, MEDIUM TO LARGE FRUIT, SMOOTH , INEDIBLE PEEL (Subgroup 24B)

FOLIAR

Abiu; Akee apple; Avocado; Avocado, Guatemalan; Avocado, Mexican; Avocado, West Indian; Bacury; Banana; banana, dwarf; Binjai; Canistel; Cupuacú; Etambe; Jatobá; Kei apple; Langsat; Lanjut; Lucuma; Mabolo; Mango; Mango, horse; Mango, Saipan; Mangosteen; Paho; Papaya; Pawpaw, common; Pelipisan; Pequi; Persimmon, American; Piquia; Plantain; Pomegranate; Poshte; Quandong; Sapote, black; Sapote, green; Sapote, white; Sataw; Screw-pine; Star apple; Tamarind-of-the-Indies; Wild loquat; cultivars, varieties, and/or hybrids of these

Pest Controlled	Product Rate (fl oz/A)
Aphids Whiteflies	10.5 – 14.0
Pest Suppressed	Product Rate (fl oz/A)
Avocado thrips (Scirtothrips perseae)	10.5 – 14.0
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 Application Restrictions:

 Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): 0 Day(s) (Pomegranate)

 Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): 1 Day(s) (Other listed crops)

 Minimum interval between applications: 7 Day(s) (Other listed crops)

 Minimum interval between applications: 14 Day(s) (Other listed crops)

 Minimum interval between applications: 14 Day(s) (Other listed crops)

 Minimum interval between applications: 14 Day(s) (Other listed crops)

 Minimum mApplication Volume: 25 Gallons/Acre I Ground; 10 Gallons/Acre | Aerial

 Do not apply more than 28 fl oz of SIVANTO prime (0.365 Pound Flupyradifurone) per Acre Per Calendar Year on tropical and subtropical, medium to large fruit, smooth, inedible peel, regardless of product or formulation.

TUBEROUS AND CORM VEGETABLES (Subgroup 1C)

FOLIAR

Arracacha; Arrowroot; artichoke, Chinese; artichoke, Jerusalem; canna, edible (Queensland arrowroot); cassava, bitter and sweet; Chayote (root)¹; Chufa; Dasheen (taro); Ginger; Leren; Potato²; Sweet potato; Tanier (cocoyam); Turmeric; Yam bean (jicama, manoic pea); Yam, true

Pest Controlled	Product Rate (fl oz/A)	
Aphids (except green peach aphid) Leafhoppers	7.0 – 14.0	
Colorado potato beetle Green peach aphid Potato psyllid Whiteflies	10.5 - 14.0	
Application Information: ¹ See cucurbit vegetables Crop Group 9 for Chayote (fruit). ² For optimum control of potato psyllid, use of MSO adjuvant or similar is recommended.		
Application Restrictions: Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): 7 Day(s) Minimum interval between applications: 7 Day(s) Minimum Application Volume: 10 Gallons/Acre Ground; 3 Gallons/Acre Aerial Do not apply more than 28 fl or of SIVANTO prime (0.365 Pound Fluppradifurone) per Acre Per Calendar Year on tuberous and corr vegetables, regardless of product or formulation.		
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STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food or feed by storage, disposal or cleaning of equipment.

PESTICIDE STORAGE

Store in original container away from feed and food. Store in cool, dry area. Do not store in direct sunlight. Do not allow prolonged storage in temperatures that exceed 105°F (40°C) or in temperatures that fall below 14°F (-10°C).

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL

To avoid wastes, use all material in this container by application according to label directions. If wastes cannot be avoided, offer remaining product to a waste facility or pesticide disposal program (often such programs are run by state or local governments or by industry).

CONTAINER HANDLING

Rigid, Non-refillable containers (equal to or less than 5 gallons)

Non-refillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Triple rinse or pressure rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container 1/4 full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times.

Pressure rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and continue to drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Hold container upside down over application equipment or mix tank or collect rinsate for later use or disposal. Insert pressure rinsing nozzle in the side of the container, and rinse at about 40 PSI for at least 30 seconds. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip.

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Once container is rinsed, offer for recycling if available or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill or by incineration.

SIVANTO[®] PRIME

For use in pest management and suppression of listed insects	
ACTIVE INGREDIENT(S):	
FLUPYRADIFURONE	17.09%
OTHER INGREDIENTS	82.91%
TOTAL:	100.00%
Contains 1.67 nounds of fluovradifurone ner U.S. gallon (200 grams Al/liter)	

Contains 1.67 pounds of flupyradifurone per U.S. gallon (200 grams Al CAS No: 951659-40-8

EPA Reg. No. 264-1141

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN CAUTION

See Booklet for Complete Precautionary Statements and Directions for Use.

For MEDICAL And TRANSPORTATION Emergencies ONLY Call 24 Hours A Day 1-800-334-7577

For PRODUCT USE Information Call 1-866-99BAYER (1-866-992-2937)

FIRST AID

FINSTAID				
lf	Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice.			
Swallowed:	 Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. 			
	· Do not induce vomiting unless told to by a poison control center or doctor.			
	 Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. 			
lf on	 Take off contaminated clothing. 			
Skin or	 Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15 to 20 minutes. 			
Clothing:	 Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice. 			
If in Eyes:	 Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 			
	15-20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes.			
	then continue rinsing.			
	· Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.			
In case of emergency, call the toll-free Bayer CropScience Emergency Response				
telephone number: 1-800-334-7577.				
Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or				
doctor, or going for treatment.				
Note to Physician: No specific antidote. Treat the patient symptomatically.				

FLUPYRADIFURONE GROUP 4D INSECTICIDE

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS

CAUTION

Harmful if swallowed.
 Harmful if absorbed through skin.
 Causes moderate eye irritation.
 Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing.
 Prolonged or frequently repeated skin contact may cause allergic reactions in some individuals.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner

inconsistent with its labeling.

Read the entire label before using this product.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food or feed by storage, disposal or cleaning of equipment PESTICIDE STORAGE: Store in original container away from feed and food. Store in cool. dry area. Do not store in direct sunlight. Do not allow prolonged storage in temperatures that exceed 105°F (40°C) or in temperatures that fall below 14°F (-10°C). PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: To avoid wastes, use all material in this container by application according to label directions. If wastes cannot be avoided, offer remaining product to a waste facility or pesticide disposal program (often such programs are run by state or local governments or by industry) CONTAINER HANDLING: Rigid, Non-refillable containers (equal to or less than 5 gallons): Non-refillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Triple rinse or pressure rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container 1/4 full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times. Pressure rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and continue to drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Hold container upside down over application equipment or mix tank or collect rinsate for later use or disposal. Insert pressure rinsing nozzle in the side of the container, and rinse at about 40 PSI for at least 30 seconds. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Once container is rinsed, offer for recycling if available or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill or by incineration.

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