

MINUE

Net Contents:

1 Gal. (3.785 L)



Can be Used for Organic Production

ACTIVE INGREDIENT:

Bacillus subtilis strain QST 713* 9.89% OTHER INGREDIENTS:...... 90.11% TOTAL: 100.00%

*Contains a minimum of 2.7 x 1010 colony forming units (cfu)/g of product

EPA Reg. No. 264-1202

EPA Est. No. 264-MEX-001

BACILLUS SUBTILIS GROUP BM02 FUNGICIDE

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN CAUTION

Please refer to booklet for first aid, additional precautionary statements and directions for use.

For MEDICAL And TRANSPORTATION Emergencies ONLY Call 24 Hours A Day 1-800-334-7577 For PRODUCT USE Information Call 1-866-99BAYER (1-866-992-2937)

Produced For: Bayer CropScience LP 800 N. Lindbergh Blvd. St. Louis, MO 63167 Minuet™ is a trademark of Bayer Group. ©2022 Bayer Group. All rights reserved. Product of Mexico



| PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS |
|--|
| HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS CAUTION • Harmful if inhaled. Avoid breathing spray mist. • Remove and wash contaminated clothing before reuse |
| PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE) The PPE requirements below apply to both Worker Protection Standard (WPS) uses (in general, agricultural-plant uses are covered by the Worker Protection Standard (40 CFR Part 170)) and Non-WPS uses. |
| Mixer/Loader and Applicators must wear: • Long-sleeved shirt and long pants • Shoes plus socks |

 NIOSH-approved particulate respirator with a minimum of a NIOSH-approved particulate filtering facepiece respirator with any N. R or P filter: OR a NIOSH-approved elastomeric particulate respirator with any N. R or P filter: OR a NIOSH-approved

Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning and maintaining PPE. If no instructions are available, use detergent and hot

Repeated exposure to high concentrations of microbial proteins can cause allergic sensitization.

FIRST AID

In case of emergency call toll free the Bayer CropScience Emergency Response
Telephone No. 1-800-334-7577.

Have the product container or label with you when calling the poison control center
or doctor, or going for treatment.

Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.

•If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably by

IF INHALED:

. Move person to fresh air.

Waterproof or Chemical-resistant Gloves

power air-purifying respirator with an HE filter.

water for washables. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

mouth-to-mouth if possible.

ENGINEERING CONTROLS

reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

or equipment break-down. **USER SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS** Users should wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet. Users should remove clothing/PPE immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.

Users should remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon

When handlers use closed systems, enclosed cabs, or aircraft in a manner that meets requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides (40 CFR 170.607(d), (e), and (f), the handler PPE requirements may be

IMPORTANT: When reduced PPE is worn because a closed system is being used, handlers must be provided all PPE specified above for "mixer/loader and applicators" and have such PPE immediately available for use in an emergency, such as a spill

as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

For Terrestrial Use:

Do not apply directly to water, or to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwater or rinsate. Do not apply when weather conditions favor drift or run-off from treated areas.

CONDITIONS OF SALE AND LIMITATIONS OF WARRANTY AND LIABILITY

Read the entire Directions for Use, Conditions, Disclaimer of Warranties and Limitations of Liability before using this product.

If terms are not acceptable, return the unopened product at once for a refund of the purchase price. By using this product, user or buyer accepts the following Conditions, Disclaimer of Warranties, and Limitations of Liability

These terms may only be modified by a written document signed by a duly authorized representative of Bayer CropScience LP CONDITIONS: The directions for use of this product are believed to be adequate and must be followed carefully. However, it is impossible to eliminate all risks associated with the use of this product. Crop injury, ineffectiveness or other unintended

consequences may result because of such factors as weather conditions, presence of other materials, or the manner of use or

application, all of which are beyond the control of Bayer CropScience LP. All such risks shall be assumed by the user or buyer To the extent consistent with applicable law, all such risks shall be assumed by the user or buyer. DISCLAIMER OF WARRANTIES: TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW. BAYER CROPSCIENCE LP MAKES NO OTHER

Warranties, express or implied, of merchantability, or of fitness for a particular purpose or otherwise; THAT EXTEND BEYOND THE STATEMENTS MADE ON THIS LABEL. No agent of Bayer CropScience LP is authorized to make

any warranties beyond those contained herein or to modify the warranties contained herein. To the extent consistent with applicable law, bayer cropscience LP disclaims any liability whatsoever for special, incidental, or consequential damages resulting from the use or handling of this product.

Limitations of Liability: To the extent consistent with applicable Law the exclusive remedy of the user

OR BUYER FOR ANY AND ALL LOSSES, INJURIES OR DAMAGES RESULTING FROM THE USE OR HANDLING OF THIS PRODUCT, WHETHER IN CONTRACT, WARRANTY, TORT, NEGLIGENCE, STRICT LIABILITY, OR OTHERWISE, SHALL NOT EXCEED THE PURCHASE PRICE PAID, OR AT BAYER CROPSCIENCE LP'S ELECTION, THE REPLACEMENT OF PRODUCT.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

Read the entire label before using this product.

Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the State or Tribal agency responsible for pesticide regulation. [For use only as described on the labeling. Not for isolation or deformulation. Do not culture.]

AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE), notification to workers, and restricted-entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 4 hours.

Exception: If the product is soil injected or soil incorporated, the Worker Protection Standard under certain circumstances, allows workers to enter the treated area if there will be no contact with anything that has been treated.

For early entry into treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water, wear:

- Coveralls
- Shoes plus socks
- Waterproof or Chemical-resistant Gloves

NON-AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

The requirements in this box apply to uses that are NOT within the scope of the Worker Protection Standard for agricultural pesticides (40 CFR Part 170). The Worker Protection Standard (WPS) applies when this product is used to produce agricultural plants on farms, forests, nurseries or greenhouses.

[For commercial treatment of plants that are in ornamental gardens, parks, golf courses, and public or residential turf and grounds, and that are intended only for aesthetic purposes or climatic modification, Keep unprotected persons out of treated areas until sprays have dried.]

PRODUCT INFORMATION

MINUET™:

- contains bacteria that, when applied to the soil, will germinate to colonize the developing root system and provide suppression of disease-causing organisms such as Fusarium, Pythium and Rhizoctonia that can attack plant roots. For disease prevention, use MINUET in a tank-mix or rotational program with other registered fungicides and bactericides.
- provides benefits which can result in healthier plants. As the plant's root system develops, the bacteria in MINUET formulated and provided at optimized levels, grows with the roots, and aids in the establishment of a vigorous root system. Improved plant health may help the host plant tolerate environmental stresses and increase nutrient utilization plant stand and yield.

APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS

Ground

This product can be applied by commonly used ground equipment, such as hose-end, pressurized, greenhouse and hand-held sprayers. Consult spray nozzle and accessory documentation for specific information on proper equipment calibration. Maintain agitation during mixing and application to ensure uniform product suspension. Use the application rate indicated in the Specific Crop Directions tables of this label, in sufficient water to achieve thorough coverage. Overall, to achieve good coverage, use proper spray pressure, gallonage per acre, nozzles, nozzle spacing and ground speed.

Chemigation

This product can be applied through sprinkler (center pivot, lateral move, end tow, side (wheel) roll, traveler, solid set or hand move) or drip-type irrigation systems. Refer to the Chemigation section of this label for additional directions and precautions. Maintain agitation during mixing and application to ensure uniform product suspension. Use the application rate, indicated for the appropriate crop in the Application Rate tables for this label, in sufficient water to achieve thorough coverage.

USE RESTRICTIONS

- Do not apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment.
- Remove scale, pesticide residues, and other foreign matter from the chemical supply tank and entire injector system. Flush with clean water, Failure to provide a clean tank, void of scale or residues, may cause MINUET to lose effectiveness or strenath.
- Do not combine MINUET with pesticides, surfactants, or fertilizers for application through chemigation equipment unless prior experience has shown the combination physically compatible, effective, and non-injurious under conditions of use. MINUET has not been fully evaluated for compatibility with all of these.
- Conduct a spray compatibility test if mixture with other pesticides, surfactants, or fertilizers is planned.

FUNGICIDE RESISTANCE MANAGEMENT RECOMMENDATIONS

 Integrate MINUET into an overall disease and pest management strategy. Follow practices known to reduce disease development. Consult local agricultural authorities for specific IPM strategies developed for your crop(s) and location.

MINUET contains an active ingredient with a mode of action classified as a Group 44 Fungicide, i.e., a Microbial fungicide.

- Be sure use of this product conforms to resistance management strategies, which may include rotating and/or tank mixing
- with other products with different modes of action.

CHEMIGATION

Types of irrigation systems

- Apply this product only through the following types of equipment:
- Sprinkler irrigation systems including center pivot, lateral move, end tow, side (wheel) roll, traveler, solid set or hand move)
- Drip-type and micro-iet irrigation systems.
- Do not apply this product through any other type of irrigation system.

Maintain agitation during mixing and application to ensure uniform product suspension. Use the application rate indicated in the Specific Crop Directions tables of this label, in sufficient water to achieve thorough coverage.

Uniform Water Distribution and System Calibration

equipment manufacturers, or other experts.

The chemigation system must provide uniform distribution of treated water. Crop injury or lack of effectiveness can result from non-uniform distribution of treated water. The chemigation system must be calibrated to uniformly apply the rates specified in crop-specific label sections. If you have questions about calibration, you should contact State Extension Service specialists A person knowledgeable of the chemigation system and responsible for its operation, or under the supervision of the responsible berson, shall shut the system down and make necessary adjustments should the need arise. Required System Safety Devices The system must contain a functional check valve, a vacuum relief valve, and a low-pressure drain appropriately located on

the irrigation pipeline to prevent water source contamination from backflow. The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional automatic quick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump. The pesticide injection pipeline must also contain a functional, normally closed, solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the

rrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down. The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops. The irrigation line or water pump must include a functional pressure switch, which will stop the water pump motor when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected. Systems must use a metering pump such as a positive displacement niection pump (e.g. diaphragm pump), effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock.

Using Water From Public Water Systems

Chemigation Monitoring

Do not connect an irrigation system (including greenhouse systems) used for pesticide application to a public water system unless the pesticide label-prescribed safety devices for public water systems are in place.

Public water system means a system for the provision to the public of piped water for human consumption if such system has at least 15 service connections or regularly serves an average of at least 25 individuals daily at least 60 days out of the year. Chemigation

systems connected to public water systems must contain a functional, reduced-pressure zone (RPZ), back-flow preventer or the functional equivalent in the water supply line upstream from the point of pesticide introduction. As an option to the RPZ, the water

from the public water system should be discharged into a reservoir tank prior to pesticide introduction. There shall be a complete physical break (air gap) between the outlet end of the fill pipe and the top or overflow rim of the reservoir tank of at least twice the inside diameter of the fill pipe. The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic quick-closing check valve to brevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump. The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional normally closed

solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down. The system must

contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops or In cases where there is no water pump, when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely, affected. Systems must use a metering pump such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g. diaphragm pump) effectively

designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock.

the center of the main line flow via a pivot tube or equivalent; (3) at a point ahead of at least one, right-angle turn in the main stream flow such that thorough mixing with the irrigation water is ensured. Center Pivot, Lateral Move, End Tow, and Traveler Irrigation Equipment (Use only with electric or oil hydraulic drive systems

inject the specified dosage of MINUET into the irrigation main water stream: (1) through a constant flow, metering device; (2) into

that provide a uniform water distribution) Determine size of area to be treated.

Determine the time required to apply no more than 1/4 inch of water (6.750 gallons water per acre) over the area to

Injection for Chemigation

manufacturer. Run system at 80 to 95% of manufacturer's rated capacity. Using only water, determine the injection pump output when operated at normal line pressure.

be treated when the system and injection equipment are operated at normal pressures specified by the equipment

- Determine the amount of MINUET fungicide required to treat area.
- Add required amount of MINUET fungicide and sufficient water to meet the injection time requirements of the solution tank. Maintain constant solution tank agitation during the injection period.
- Stop injection equipment after treatment is completed. Continue to operate the system until MINUET fungicide solution has cleared the sprinkler head.

Solid Set, Side (Wheel) Roll, and Hand Move Irrigation Equipment

- Determine acreage covered by sprinkler.
- Fill injector solution tank with water and adjust flow rate to use contents over a 10- to 30-minute interval.
- Determine the amount of MINUET fungicide required to treat area.
- Add the required amount of MINUET fungicide into the same quantity of water used to calibrate the injection equipment.
- Maintain constant solution tank agitation during the injection period. Operate system at normal pressures specified by the manufacturer of the injection equipment and used for the time
- interval established during calibration. Inject MINUET fungicide at the end of the irrigation cycle or as a separate application to maximize foliar fungicide retention.
- Stop injection equipment after treatment is completed. Continue to operate the system until MINUET fungicide solution has cleared the last sprinkler head.

Flushing and Cleaning the Chemical Injection System

At the end of the application period, allow time for all lines to flush the pesticide through all nozzles or emitters before turning off irrigation water. To ensure the lines are flushed and free of pesticides, a dye indicator may be injected into the lines to mark the end of the application period.

In order to apply pesticides accurately, the chemical injection system must be kept clean, free of chemical or fertilizer residues and sediments. Refer to your owner's manual or ask your equipment supplier for the cleaning procedure for your injection system.

SPRAY DRIFT MANAGEMENT

speed restrictions are not applicable.

Avoiding spray drift is the responsibility of the applicator.

Droplet Size Use the largest droplet size which provides sufficient control and coverage. Higher flow nozzles and lower pressures will

produce larger droplets and minimize drift, Low drift and air induction nozzles will provide lower drift potential. Use larger

droplet size when applying in hot, dry conditions (droplet evaporation is higher under these conditions, thus reducing the effective droplet size and increasing drift potential). Wind Speed Drift potential increases at wind speeds of less than 3 mph (due to inversion potential) or more than 10 mph. Applications during gusty or calm wind conditions should be avoided. However, many factors, including droplet size, canopy and equipment

specifications determine drift potential at any given wind speed. For applications made in-furrow or below soil-level, wind

The interaction of many equipment and weather related factors determine the potential for spray drift. The applicator is responsible for considering all of these factors when making application decisions. Consult the local Cooperative Extension for additional information.

Temperature Inversions Drift potential is high during temperature inversions and applications should be avoided under these conditions. Temperature Inversions are common on nights with limited cloud cover and light to no wind. They begin to form as the sun sets and often continue into the morning. Their presence can be indicated by ground fog. If fog is not present, inversions can also

be identified by the movement of smoke or dust from a ground source -- smoke or dust that layers and moves laterally in a

concentrated cloud (under low wind conditions) indicates an inversion. Sensitive Areas When applying adjacent to residential areas, bodies of water, habitats known to have threatened or endangered species, or non-target

crops, drift can be minimized to these areas by making application when the wind direction is away from these areas.

Where states or local authorities have more stringent regulations, they should be observed.

COMPATIBILITY TESTING AND TANK MIX PARTNERS

Compatibility

MINUET is physically and biologically compatible with many commonly used pesticides, fertilizers, adjuvants, and surfactants but has not been fully evaluated with all of these. To ensure compatibility of tank-mix combinations, evaluate them prior to use as follows: Using a suitable container, add proportional amounts of product to water. Add wettable powders first, followed by water dispersible granules, then by liquid flowables, and lastly, emulsifiable concentrates. Mix thoroughly and let stand for at least five minutes. If the combination stays mixed or can be remixed, it is physically compatible. Test the combination on a

small portion of the crop to be treated to ensure that a phytotoxic response does not occur as a result of application.

Do not combine MINUET with pesticides, surfactants, or fertilizers with which there has been no previous experience or use demonstrating that they are physically compatible, effective, and non-injurious under your use conditions.

MINUET may be tank-mixed with other registered pesticides to enhance plant disease control or suppression. This product cannot be mixed with any product with a prohibition against such mixing. When tank-mixing MINUET with other registered pesticides, always read and follow all use directions, restrictions, and precautions of both MINUET and the tank-mix partner(s) Use of the resulting tank mix must be in accordance with the more restrictive label limitations and precautions. Do not exceed label dosage rates.

- 1. Partially fill the spray tank with clean water and begin agitation.
- 3. Finish filling the tank to the volume necessary to obtain the proper spray concentration.

It is critical that the spray solution be agitated during mixing and application to assure a uniform suspension. Do not allow spray mixture to stand overnight or for prolonged periods. Maintain a spray solution pH between 4.5 and 8.5.

SPECIFIC CROP DIRECTIONS **CROP USE DIRECTIONS**

- MINUET has a 0-Day Pre-Harvest Interval for all crops contained on this label.
- Applying MINUET to the soil at plant establishment will enhance root colonization.
- For improved performance under moderate to severe disease pressure, use the stated higher rates and reduced spray intervals as stated or use MINUET in a tank-mix or rotational program with other registered fungicides.

2. Add the specified amount of MINUET

Order of Mixing

Soil Treatment Application Instructions MINUET is a broad spectrum fungicide and bactericide for the prevention, suppression [and control] of soil borne diseases on

a wide range of horticultural and broadacre crops. For all crops, MINUET may be applied as a soil surface drench, shanked-in

side-dress, injected and in-furrow at any time.

Greenhouse Application Instructions MINUET may be applied as a soil treatment in Greenhouses with good resistance management programs. See soil treatment application instructions. Crop safety has not been confirmed on all cultivars. Plant compatibility testing is recommended when first using under your greenhouse conditions.

Preventative Applications for Plant Health and Optimum Disease Control

MINUET provides benefits which can result in healthier plants. MINUET colonizes plants, preventing the establishment of disease-causing fungi and bacteria. As the plant's root system develops, the bacteria in MINUET, formulated and provided at optimized levels, grow with the roots, providing protection throughout the growing season and resulting in the establishment

of a vigorous root system. Improved plant health may help the host plant tolerate environmental stresses such as drought, heat, and cold temperatures. MINUET improves plant utilization of nitrogen, phosphorus, potassium, other micronutrients and

iron. Overall increased plant health may improve crop vigor, vields and quality, especially under stressful conditions.

| BRASSICA (COLE) LEAFY VEGETABLES – SOIL APPLICATION | |
|--|----------------|
| Crops of Crop Group 5 Including: Broccoli, Broccoli raab (rapini), Brussels sprouts, Cabbage, Cauliflower, Cavalo broccol Chinese broccoli (gai lon), Chinese cabbage (bok choy and napa), Chinese mustard cabbage (gai choy), Collards, Kal Kohlrabi, Mizuna, Mustard greens, Mustard spinach, Rape greens, and other brassica leafy vegetable crops. Include cultivars, varieties and/or hybrids of these commodities. | |
| Target Diseases | Rate (oz/acre) |
| Fusarium spp. Pythium spp. Phytophthora spp. Rhizoctonia spp. Verticillium spp. | 12 - 24 |
| CEREAL GRAINS (EXCEPT CORN) – SOIL APPLICATION (INCLUDING FORAGE, FODDER OR STRAW FROM CEREAL GRAINS) Crops of Crop Group 15 (and 16) Including: Barley, Buckwheat, Millet (pearl and proso), Oats, Rice, Rye, Sorghum, Teosinte, Triticale, Wheat, Wild rice, and other cereal grain crops. Includes cultivars, varieties and/or hybrids of these commodities. | |
| Target Diseases | Rate (oz/acre) |
| Fusarium spp. Phytophthora spp. | |

| Pythium spp. | 6 - 12 |
|-------------------|--------|
| Rhizoctonia spp. | |
| Verticillium spp. | |
| | |
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| | |

| com (neid, sweet, and popcorn). Includes cultivals, varieties and/or hybrids of these commodities. | | | |
|--|---|---|--|
| | Target Disea | ises | Rate (oz/acre) |
| Pi Pj Ri | usarium spp. hytophthora spp. ythium spp. hizoctonia spp. erticillium spp. | | 3-6 |
| Cı | | ne), Orange (sweet and sour), Pumn | ncluding chironja, tangelo, tangor), Grapefruit, nelo, Satsuma mandarin, and other citrus fruit |
| | Target Disea | 200 | Rate (oz/acre) |
| | larget biset | 1505 | nate (02/acre) |
| P | hytophthora spp. | 1505 | 12 - 24 |
| Ci M to | hytophthora spp. itrus Application Instructions: IINUET Soil drench rate for immature citr | us. Apply 12 to 24 ounces per acre a | |
| Ci M to | hytophthora spp. itrus Application Instructions: IINUET Soil drench rate for immature citr the soil around the trunk. Make applic | us. Apply 12 to 24 ounces per acre a | 12 - 24 s a soil drench using a metered dose directed |
| Ci M to | hytophthora spp. itrus Application Instructions: IINUET Soil drench rate for immature citr the soil around the trunk. Make applic to 16 ounces is recommended). | us. Apply 12 to 24 ounces per acre a cations in a volume not to exceed | 12 - 24 s a soil drench using a metered dose directed 32 ounces of diluted spray solution per tree |
| Ci M to | hytophthora spp. itrus Application Instructions: INUET Soil drench rate for immature citr the soil around the trunk. Make applie to 16 ounces is recommended). Rate per Acre | us. Apply 12 to 24 ounces per acre a cations in a volume not to exceed Trees | s a soil drench using a metered dose directed 32 ounces of diluted spray solution per tree |

irrigation systems.

CORN - SOIL APPLICATION

(INCLUDING FORAGE and FODDER FROM CORN)

MINUET rates for mature citrus. Apply 12 to 24 ounces per acre as a soil drench or chemigated injection through micro-jet

CUCURRIT VEGETARIES - SOIL APPLICATION Crops of Crop Group 9 including: Balsam apple, Balsam pear, Bitter melon, Cantaloupe, Chayote (fruit), Cucumber, Chinese cucumber, Chinese waxgourd, Gherkin, Gourd (edible), Citron melon, Muskmelon, Pumpkin, Summer squash, Winter squash, Watermelon, and other cucurbit vegetable crops, Includes cultivars, varieties and/or hybrids of these commodities. **Target Diseases** Rate (oz/acre) Pythium spp. Rhizoctonia spp. 12 - 24Verticillium spp. FRUITING VEGETARIES - SOIL APPLICATION Crops of Crop Group 8 Including: Egaplant, Groundcherry, Pepino, Pepper (including bell, chili, cooking, pimento and sweet). Tomatillo, Tomato, and other fruiting vegetable crops, Includes cultivars, varieties and/or hybrids of these commodities, **Target Diseases** Rate (oz/acre) Fusarium spp. Phytophthora spp. Pvthium spp. 12 - 24 Rhizoctonia spp. Southern blight - Sclerotium rolfsii Verticillium spp. HOPS - SOIL APPLICATION **Target Diseases** Rate (oz/acre) Fusarium spp. Phytophthora spp. 12 - 24Pvthium spp.

Rhizoctonia spp. Verticillium spp.

LEAFY VEGETABLES (EXCEPT BRASSICA) — SOIL APPLICATION Crops of Crop Group 4 Including: Amaranth (leafy), Arugula, Cardoon, Celery, Chinese celery, Celtuce, Chervil, Chrysanthemum (edible-leaved and garland), Corn salad, Cress (garden and upland), Dandelion, Dock (sorrel), Endive (escarole), Florence fennel (finochio), Sea kale, Lettuce (head and leaf), Orach, Parsley, Puslane (garden and winter), Radicchio (red chicory), Rhubarb, Spinach (including chinese, new zealand and vine), Swiss chard, Tampala, and other leafy vegetable crops. Includes cultivars, varieties and/or hybrids of these commodities. Target Diseases Rate (oz/acre) Fusarium spp. Phytophthora spp. Pythium spp. Rhizoctonia spp. Sclerotinia spp. Verticillium spp.

LEGUME VEGETABLES – SOIL APPLICATION Crops of Crop Group 6 (Except Soybean) Including: Edible Podded and Succulent Shelled Pea & Bean and **Dried Shelled Pea and Bean** Bean (Lupinus spp., including grain lupin, sweet lupin, white lupin, and white sweet lupin) Bean (Phaseolus spp., including field bean, kidney bean, lima bean, navy bean, pinto bean, runner bean, snap bean, tepary bean, wax bean)

Bean (Vigna spp., including adzuki bean, asparagus bean, blackeyed pea, catjang, Chinese longbean, cowpea, Crowder pea, moth bean, mung bean, rice bean, Southern pea, urd bean, vardlong bean)

Pea (Pisum spp. including dwarf pea, edible-pod pea, English pea, field pea, garden pea, green pea, snow pea, sugar snap pea)

Other Beans and Peas (Broad bean (fava), Chickpea (garbanzo bean), Guar, Jackbean, Lablab bean (hyacinth bean), Lentil,

Pigeon pea, Sword bean, and other legume vegetable crops.

Includes cultivars, varieties and/or hybrids of these commodities.

Target Diseases

Phytophthora spp.

Pvthium spp.

Rhizoctonia spp. Verticillium spp.

Rate (oz/acre)

12 - 24

| PEANUT – SOIL APPLICATION | |
|---|---|
| (including those grown for oil production) | |
| Target Diseases | Rate (oz/acre) |
| Aspergillus spp.* | |
| Cylindrocladium Black Rot* | |
| Fusarium spp. | |
| Phytophthora spp. | |
| <i>Pythium</i> spp. | 3 - 24 |
| Rhizoctonia spp. | |
| Verticillium spp. | |
| White Mold - Sclerotium rolfsii | |
| *NOT FOR USE IN CALIFORNIA | |
| | |
| POTATOES – SOIL APPLICATION Including: Potato, Sweet potato and other potato crops. Includes cultivars, v | arieties and/or hybrids of these commodities. |
| | arieties and/or hybrids of these commodities. Rate (oz/acre) |
| Including: Potato, Sweet potato and other potato crops. Includes cultivars, v. Target Diseases Colletotrichum spp. | <u>-</u> |
| Including: Potato, Sweet potato and other potato crops. Includes cultivars, v. Target Diseases Colletotrichum spp. Fusarium spp. | <u>-</u> |
| Including: Potato, Sweet potato and other potato crops. Includes cultivars, v. Target Diseases Colletotrichum spp. Fusarium spp. Phytophthora spp. | Rate (oz/acre) |
| Including: Potato, Sweet potato and other potato crops. Includes cultivars, v Target Diseases Colletotrichum spp. Fusarium spp. Phytophthora spp. Rhizoctonia spp. | <u>-</u> |
| Including: Potato, Sweet potato and other potato crops. Includes cultivars, v Target Diseases Colletotrichum spp. Fusarium spp. Phytophthora spp. Rhizoctonia spp. Sclerotium rolfsii | Rate (oz/acre) |
| Including: Potato, Sweet potato and other potato crops. Includes cultivars, v Target Diseases Colletotrichum spp. Fusarium spp. Phytophthora spp. Rhizoctonia spp. Sclerotium rolfsii Verticillium spp. | Rate (oz/acre) |
| Including: Potato, Sweet potato and other potato crops. Includes cultivars, v Target Diseases Colletotrichum spp. Fusarium spp. Phytophthora spp. Rhizoctonia spp. Sclerotium rolfsii | Rate (oz/acre) |
| Including: Potato, Sweet potato and other potato crops. Includes cultivars, v Target Diseases Colletotrichum spp. Fusarium spp. Phytophthora spp. Rhizoctonia spp. Sclerotium rolfsii Verticillium spp. | Rate (oz/acre) |
| Including: Potato, Sweet potato and other potato crops. Includes cultivars, v Target Diseases Colletotrichum spp. Fusarium spp. Phytophthora spp. Rhizoctonia spp. Sclerotium rolfsii Verticillium spp. | Rate (oz/acre) |

| SUGARBEET AND CARROT – SOIL APPLICATION | |
|---|---------------------------------------|
| Target Diseases | Rate (oz/acre) |
| Colletotrichum spp. | |
| Fusarium spp. | |
| Phytophthora spp. | |
| Pythium spp. | 6 - 12 |
| Rhizoctonia spp. | 6 - 12 |
| Sclerotium rolfsii | |
| Verticillium spp. | |
| Common Scab - Streptomyces scabies | |
| | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · |
| SOYBEANS – SOIL APPLICATION | |
| Target Diseases | Rate (oz/acre) |
| Aphanomyces spp.* | |
| Fusarium spp. | |
| Macrophomina spp. | |
| Phytophthora spp. | 3 - 12 |
| Pythium spp. | 0 12 |
| Rhizoctonia spp. | |
| Verticillium spp. | |
| *NOT FOR USE IN CALIFORNIA | |
| STRAWBERRY – SOIL APPLICATION | |
| Target Diseases | Rate (oz/acre) |
| Phytophthora spp. | |
| Verticillium Wilt | |
| Rhizoctonia spp. | 12 - 24 |
| Fusarium spp. | |
| | |
| 16 | |

GRASS FORAGE, FODDER, AND HAY - SOIL APPLICATION

Crops of Crop Group 17 Including: Bluegrass, Fescue, Orchard grass and other grass seed production crops. Includes cultivars, varieties and/or hybrids of these commodities.

| Target Diseases | Rate (oz/acre) |
|-------------------|----------------|
| Fusarium spp. | |
| Phytophthora spp. | |
| Pythium spp. | 3 - 6 |
| Rhizoctonia spp. | |
| Verticillium spp. | |

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage or disposal.

Pesticide storage

Store in a dry area inaccessible to children. Store in original container only. Keep container closed when not in use. Store at room

temperature.

Pesticide disposal

To avoid wastes, use all material in this container by application according to label directions. If wastes cannot be avoided, offer remaining product to a waste disposal facility or pesticide disposal program (often such programs are run by state or local governments or by industry).

Container handling

Non-Refillable Containers

Rigid, Non-refillable containers (equal to or less than 5 gallons)

Non-refillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Triple rinse or pressure rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container 1/4 full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times.

Pressure rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and continue to drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Hold container upside down over application equipment or mix tank or collect rinsate for later use or disposal. Insert pressure rinsing nozzle in the side of the container, and rinse at about 40 PSI for at least 30 seconds. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip.

Once container is rinsed, offer for recycling if available or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill or by incineration.

MINUET™

BACILLUS SUBTILIS GROUP BM02 FUNGICIDE



Can be Used for Organic Production

| ACTIVE INGREDIENT: | |
|-----------------------------------|---------|
| Bacillus subtilis strain QST 713* | 9.89% |
| OTHER INGREDIENTS: | 90.11% |
| TOTAL: | 100.00% |

*Contains a minimum of 2.7 x 1010 colony forming units (cfu)/g of product

EPA Reg. No. 264-1202

EPA Est. No. 264-MEX-001

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN **CAUTION**

Please refer to booklet for first aid, additional precautionary statements and directions for use.

For MEDICAL And TRANSPORTATION Emergencies ONLY Call 24 Hours A Day 1-800-334-7577

> For PRODUCT USE Information Call 1-866-99BAYER (1-866-992-2937)

FIRST AID

IF INHALED:

- · Move person to fresh air.
- If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably by mouth-to-mouth if possible.
- Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.

In case of emergency call toll free the Bayer CropScience Emergency Response Telephone No. 1-800-334-7577.

Have the product container or label with you when calling the poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment.

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS CAUTION

- Harmful if inhaled. Avoid breathing spray mist.
- Remove and wash contaminated clothing before reuse

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

Read the entire label before using this product.

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Produced For: Bayer CropScience LP 800 N. Lindbergh Blvd. St. Louis. MO 63167

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