



MAISTER POWER OD57,5 4X5L BOT NBC

Version 7 / EU
102000021794

1/12
Revision Date: 17.01.2017
Print Date: 14.11.2017

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

1.1 Product identifier

Trade name MAISTER POWER OD57,5 4X5L BOT NBC
Product code (UVP) 79720386

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use Herbicide

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier Bayer AG
Kaiser-Wilhelm-Allee 1
51373 Leverkusen
Germany
Telefax +49(0)2173-38-7394
Responsible Department Substance Classification & Registration
+49(0)2173-38-3409 (during business hours only)
Email: BCS-SDS@bayer.com

1.4 Emergency telephone no.

Emergency telephone no. Global Incident Response Hotline (24h)
+1 (760) 476-3964 (Company 3E for Bayer AG, Crop Science Division)

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures, as amended.

Serious eye damage: Category 1

H318 Causes serious eye damage.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure: Category 3

H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

Reproductive toxicity: Category 1B

H360FD May damage fertility. May damage the unborn child.

Acute aquatic toxicity: Category 1

H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.

Chronic aquatic toxicity: Category 1

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

2.2 Label elements

Labelling in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures, as amended.

Hazard label for supply/use required.

Hazardous components which must be listed on the label:

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- Foramsulfuron, sodium salt
- Iodosulfuron-methyl-sodium
- Thien carbazon-methyl
- Cyprosulfamide
- Fatty alcohol ethoxylate alkyl ether
- Disodium octaborate tetrahydrate

**Signal word:** Danger**Hazard statements**

H318 Causes serious eye damage.
 H335 May cause respiratory irritation.
 H360FD May damage fertility. May damage the unborn child.
 H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
 EUH208 Contains fatty alcohol ethoxylate alkyl ether. May produce an allergic reaction.
 EUH401 To avoid risks to human health and the environment, comply with the instructions for use.
 Restricted to professional users.

Precautionary statements

P201 Obtain special instructions before use.
 P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.
 P305 + P351 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
 P310 Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor/ physician.
 P405 Store locked up.
 P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local regulation.

2.3 Other hazards

No other hazards known.

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**3.2 Mixtures****Chemical nature**

Oil dispersion (OD)
 Foramsulfuron 30 g/l, Iodosulfuron-methyl 0,96 g/l,
 Thien carbazon-methyl 10 g/l, Cyprosulfamide 15 g/l

Hazardous components

Hazard statements according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008

Name	CAS-No. / EC-No. / REACH Reg. No.	Classification	Conc. [%]
		REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008	
Foramsulfuron, sodium salt	173159-72-3	Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	3,21

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Iodosulfuron-methyl-sodium	144550-36-7	Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410	0,10
Thiencarbazone-methyl	317815-83-1	Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410	1,02
Cyprosulfamide	221667-31-8 485-320-2	Not classified	1,53
Fatty alcohol ethoxylate alkyl ether	1492044-51-5	Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1A, H317 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	> 1 – < 20
Docusate sodium	577-11-7 209-406-4	Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Irrit. 2, H315	> 1 – < 20
Disodium octaborate tetrahydrate	12280-03-4	Repr. 1B, H360FD	> 0,3
Solvent Naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	64742-95-6 265-199-0	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H335 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	> 1 – < 10

Further information

Iodosulfuron-methyl-sodium	144550-36-7	M-Factor: 1.000 (acute)
Thiencarbazone-methyl	317815-83-1	M-Factor: 100 (acute)

For the full text of the H-Statements mentioned in this Section, see Section 16.

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES**4.1 Description of first aid measures**

General advice	Move out of dangerous area. Remove contaminated clothing immediately and dispose of safely. Place and transport victim in stable position (lying sideways).
Inhalation	Move to fresh air. Keep patient warm and at rest. Call a physician or poison control center immediately.
Skin contact	Wash off thoroughly with plenty of soap and water, if available with polyethyleneglycol 400, subsequently rinse with water. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.
Eye contact	Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. Call a physician or poison control center immediately.
Ingestion	Do NOT induce vomiting. Call a physician or poison control center immediately. Rinse mouth. Risk of product entering the lungs on vomiting after ingestion.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms	Symptoms and hazards refer to the solvent.
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Headache, Nausea, Dizziness, Somnolence

Ingestion may cause gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, vomiting and diarrhoea.

Aspiration may cause pulmonary oedema and pneumonitis.

Inhalation may provoke the following symptoms:

Cough, Shortness of breath, Cyanosis, Fever

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Risks	Contains hydrocarbon solvents. May pose an aspiration pneumonia hazard.
Treatment	Treat symptomatically. Gastric lavage is not normally required. However, if a significant amount (more than a mouthful) has been ingested, administer activated charcoal and sodium sulphate. In case of aspiration intubation and bronchial lavage should be considered. Monitor: kidney, liver and pancreas function. There is no specific antidote. Contraindication: derivatives of adrenaline.

SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable Use water spray, alcohol-resistant foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide.

Unsuitable High volume water jet

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture In the event of fire the following may be released: Hydrogen cyanide (hydrocyanic acid), Carbon monoxide (CO), Nitrogen oxides (NO_x), Sulphur oxides

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special protective equipment for firefighters In the event of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

Further information Contain the spread of the fire-fighting media. Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Precautions Avoid contact with spilled product or contaminated surfaces. Use personal protective equipment.

6.2 Environmental precautions Do not allow to get into surface water, drains and ground water.

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6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up Soak up with inert absorbent material (e.g. sand, silica gel, acid binder, universal binder, sawdust). Clean contaminated floors and objects thoroughly, observing environmental regulations. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal.

6.4 Reference to other sections

Information regarding safe handling, see section 7.
Information regarding personal protective equipment, see section 8.
Information regarding waste disposal, see section 13.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE**7.1 Precautions for safe handling**

Advice on safe handling Use only in area provided with appropriate exhaust ventilation.

Advice on protection against fire and explosion Keep away from heat and sources of ignition.

Hygiene measures Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Keep working clothes separately. Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the product. Wash hands immediately after work, if necessary take a shower. Remove soiled clothing immediately and clean thoroughly before using again. Garments that cannot be cleaned must be destroyed (burnt).

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Requirements for storage areas and containers Store in original container. Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Store in a place accessible by authorized persons only. Store bulk material and packed materials in a closed warehouse or under cover protected against direct sunlight and frost.

Advice on common storage Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.

Suitable materials HDPE (high density polyethylene)
Coex HDPE/PA
Coex HDPE/EVOH
Coex HDPE/EVOH/HDPE

7.3 Specific end use(s) Refer to the label and/or leaflet.

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION**8.1 Control parameters**

Components	CAS-No.	Control parameters	Update	Basis
Iodosulfuron-methyl-sodium	144550-36-7	1 mg/m ³ (TWA)		OES BCS*
Thiencarbazone-methyl	317815-83-1	10 mg/m ³ (TWA)		OES BCS*
Cyprosulfamide	221667-31-8	10 mg/m ³ (TWA)		OES BCS*
Solvent Naphtha	64742-95-6	116 mg/m ³ /20 ppm	2014	EU

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(petroleum), light aromatic		(TWA)		SCOELS
Solvent Naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	64742-95-6	290 mg/m ³ /50 ppm (STEL)	2014	EU SCOELS

*OES BCS: Internal Bayer AG, Crop Science Division "Occupational Exposure Standard"

8.2 Exposure controls**Personal protective equipment**

In normal use and handling conditions please refer to the label and/or leaflet. In all other cases the following recommendations would apply.

Respiratory protection

Personal protective equipment is not normally required. However, if there is a risk of uncontrolled exposure to the contents, the following should be considered.

Wear respirator with an organic vapours and gas filter mask (protection factor 10) conforming to EN140 type A or equivalent. Respiratory protection should only be used to control residual risk of short duration activities, when all reasonably practicable steps have been taken to reduce exposure at source e.g. containment and/or local extract ventilation. Always follow respirator manufacturer's instructions regarding wearing and maintenance.

Hand protection

Please observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves. Also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger of cuts, abrasion, and the contact time.

Wash gloves when contaminated. Dispose of when contaminated inside, when perforated or when contamination on the outside cannot be removed. Wash hands frequently and always before eating, drinking, smoking or using the toilet.

Material	Nitrile rubber
Rate of permeability	> 480 min
Glove thickness	> 0,4 mm
Protective index	Class 6
Directive	Protective gloves complying with EN 374.

Eye protection

Wear goggles (conforming to EN166, Field of Use = 5 or equivalent) and faceshield (conforming to EN166, Field of Use = 3 or equivalent).

Skin and body protection

Wear standard coveralls and Category 3 Type 6 suit. If there is a risk of significant exposure, consider a higher protective type suit. Wear two layers of clothing wherever possible. Polyester/cotton or cotton overalls should be worn under chemical protection suit and should be professionally laundered frequently. If chemical protection suit is splashed, sprayed or significantly contaminated, decontaminate as far as possible, then carefully remove and dispose of as advised by manufacturer.

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Form	suspension
Colour	white to beige
Odour	aromatic
pH	7,0 - 8,2 at 10 % (23 °C) (deionized water)
Flash point	79 °C
Auto-ignition temperature	370 °C
Density	ca. 0,98 g/cm ³ at 20 °C
Water solubility	suspensive
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	Foramsulfuron, sodium salt: log Pow: 1,0 at 40 °C at pH 2 Iodosulfuron-methyl-sodium: log Pow: -0,7 Thiencarbazone-methyl: log Pow: -0,13 Cyprosulfamide: log Pow: -0,8
Surface tension	22,8 mN/m at 20 °C
Oxidizing properties	No oxidizing properties
Explosivity	Not explosive 92/69/EEC, A.14 / OECD 113
9.2 Other information	Further safety related physical-chemical data are not known.

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**10.1 Reactivity****Thermal decomposition** Stable under normal conditions.**10.2 Chemical stability** Stable under recommended storage conditions.**10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions** No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.**10.4 Conditions to avoid** Extremes of temperature and direct sunlight.**10.5 Incompatible materials** Store only in the original container.**10.6 Hazardous decomposition products** No decomposition products expected under normal conditions of use.**SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION****11.1 Information on toxicological effects****Acute oral toxicity** LD50 (Rat) > 5.000 mg/kg

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Acute inhalation toxicity	LC50 (Rat) > 3,257 mg/l Exposure time: 4 h Determined in the form of a respirable aerosol. Highest attainable concentration. Irritating to respiratory system. During intended and foreseen applications, no respirable aerosol is formed.
Acute dermal toxicity	LD50 (Rat) > 2.000 mg/kg
Skin irritation	Slight irritant effect - does not require labelling. (Rabbit)
Eye irritation	Severe eye irritation. (Rabbit)
Sensitisation	Non-sensitizing. (Guinea pig) OECD Test Guideline 429, local lymph node assay (LLNA)

Assessment STOT Specific target organ toxicity – repeated exposure

Foramsulfuron did not cause any significant specific adverse effects or target organ toxicity in subchronic toxicity studies.

Iodosulfuron-methyl-sodium did not cause specific target organ toxicity in experimental animal studies.

Thiencarbazone-methyl did not cause specific target organ toxicity in experimental animal studies.

Cyprosulfamide did not cause specific target organ toxicity in experimental animal studies.

Assessment mutagenicity

Foramsulfuron was not mutagenic or genotoxic based on the overall weight of evidence in a battery of in vitro and in vivo tests.

Iodosulfuron-methyl-sodium was not mutagenic or genotoxic in a battery of in vitro and in vivo tests.

Thiencarbazone-methyl was not mutagenic or genotoxic in a battery of in vitro and in vivo tests.

Cyprosulfamide was not mutagenic or genotoxic in a battery of in vitro and in vivo tests.

Assessment carcinogenicity

Foramsulfuron was not carcinogenic in lifetime feeding studies in rats and mice.

Iodosulfuron-methyl-sodium was not carcinogenic in lifetime feeding studies in rats and mice.

Thiencarbazone-methyl was not carcinogenic in a lifetime feeding study in rats. Thiencarbazone-methyl caused at high dose levels an increased incidence of tumours in mice in the following organ(s): urinary bladder. The tumours seen with Thiencarbazone-methyl were caused through the chronic irritation due to the presence of bladder stones.

Cyprosulfamide caused at high dose levels an increased incidence of tumours in the following organ(s): urinary bladder, Kidney. The tumours seen with Cyprosulfamide were caused through the chronic irritation due to the presence of bladder stones. The mechanism that triggers tumours in rodents is not relevant for the low exposures encountered under normal use conditions.

Assessment toxicity to reproduction

Foramsulfuron did not cause reproductive toxicity in a two-generation study in rats.

Iodosulfuron-methyl-sodium did not cause reproductive toxicity in a two-generation study in rats.

Thiencarbazone-methyl did not cause reproductive toxicity in a two-generation study in rats.

Cyprosulfamide did not cause reproductive toxicity in a two-generation study in rats.

Assessment developmental toxicity

Foramsulfuron did not cause developmental toxicity in rats and rabbits.

Iodosulfuron-methyl-sodium did not cause developmental toxicity in rats and rabbits.

Thiencarbazone-methyl did not cause developmental toxicity in rats and rabbits.

Cyprosulfamide did not cause developmental toxicity in rats and rabbits.

Aspiration hazard

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Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**12.1 Toxicity**

Toxicity to fish	LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)) 13,2 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h
Toxicity to aquatic invertebrates	EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)) 6,87 mg/l Exposure time: 48 h
Toxicity to aquatic plants	IC50 (Lemna gibba (gibbous duckweed)) 0,024 mg/l Growth rate; Exposure time: 7 d IC50 (Raphidocelis subcapitata (freshwater green alga)) > 100 mg/l Growth rate; Exposure time: 72 h

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Biodegradability	Foramsulfuron: Not rapidly biodegradable Iodosulfuron-methyl-sodium: Not rapidly biodegradable Thien carbazon-methyl: Not rapidly biodegradable Cyprosulfamide: Not rapidly biodegradable
Koc	Foramsulfuron: Koc: 38 - 151 Iodosulfuron-methyl-sodium: Koc: 45 Thien carbazon-methyl: Koc: 100 Cyprosulfamide: Koc: 8 - 75

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulation	Foramsulfuron: Does not bioaccumulate. Iodosulfuron-methyl-sodium: Does not bioaccumulate. Thien carbazon-methyl: Does not bioaccumulate. Cyprosulfamide: Does not bioaccumulate.
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12.4 Mobility in soil

Mobility in soil	Foramsulfuron: Mobile in soils Iodosulfuron-methyl-sodium: Mobile in soils Thien carbazon-methyl: Moderately mobile in soils Cyprosulfamide: Mobile in soils
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12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

PBT and vPvB assessment	Foramsulfuron, sodium salt: This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT). This substance is not considered to be very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB). Iodosulfuron-methyl-sodium: This substance is not considered to be
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persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT). This substance is not considered to be very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB).
Thien carbazon-methyl: This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT). This substance is not considered to be very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB).
Cyprosulfamide: This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT). This substance is not considered to be very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB).

12.6 Other adverse effects**Additional ecological information**

No other effects to be mentioned.

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**13.1 Waste treatment methods****Product**

In accordance with current regulations and, if necessary, after consultation with the site operator and/or with the responsible authority, the product may be taken to a waste disposal site or incineration plant.

Contaminated packaging

Not completely emptied packagings should be disposed of as hazardous waste.

Waste key for the unused product**02 01 08*** agrochemical waste containing dangerous substances**SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION****ADR/RID/ADN**

14.1 UN number

3082

14.2 Proper shipping name

ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID,
N.O.S.
(THIENCARBAZONE-METHYL SOLUTION)

14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

9

14.4 Packing group

III

14.5 Environm. Hazardous Mark

YES

Hazard no.

90

Tunnel Code

E

This classification is in principle not valid for carriage by tank vessel on inland waterways. Please refer to the manufacturer for further information.

IMDG

14.1 UN number

3082

14.2 Proper shipping name

ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID,
N.O.S.
(THIENCARBAZONE-METHYL SOLUTION)

14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

9

14.4 Packing group

III

14.5 Marine pollutant

YES



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14.1 UN number	3082
14.2 Proper shipping name	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (THIENCARBAZONE-METHYL SOLUTION)
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	9
14.4 Packing group	III
14.5 Environm. Hazardous Mark	YES

14.6 Special precautions for user

See sections 6 to 8 of this Safety Data Sheet.

14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code

No transport in bulk according to the IBC Code.

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Further information

WHO-classification: III (Slightly hazardous)

15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment

A chemical safety assessment is not required.

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

Text of the hazard statements mentioned in Section 3

H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H360FD	May damage fertility. May damage the unborn child.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Abbreviations and acronyms

ADN	European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways
ADR	European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road
ATE	Acute toxicity estimate
CAS-Nr.	Chemical Abstracts Service number
Conc.	Concentration
EC-No.	European community number

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ECx	Effective concentration to x %
EINECS	European inventory of existing commercial substances
ELINCS	European list of notified chemical substances
EN	European Standard
EU	European Union
IATA	International Air Transport Association
IBC	International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships Carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk (IBC Code)
ICx	Inhibition concentration to x %
IMDG	International Maritime Dangerous Goods
LCx	Lethal concentration to x %
LDx	Lethal dose to x %
LOEC/LOEL	Lowest observed effect concentration/level
MARPOL	MARPOL: International Convention for the prevention of marine pollution from ships
N.O.S.	Not otherwise specified
NOEC/NOEL	No observed effect concentration/level
OECD	Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development
RID	Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail
TWA	Time weighted average
UN	United Nations
WHO	World health organisation

The information contained within this Safety Data Sheet is in accordance with the guidelines established by Regulation (EU) 1907/2006 and Regulation (EU) 2015/830 amending Regulation (EU) No 1907/2006 and any subsequent amendments. This data sheet complements the user's instructions, but does not replace them. The information it contains is based on the knowledge available about the product concerned at the time it was compiled. Users are further reminded of the possible risks of using a product for purposes other than those for which it was intended. The required information complies with current EEC legislation. Addressees are requested to observe any additional national requirements.

Changes since the last version are highlighted in the margin. This version replaces all previous versions.
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